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     8-20.1.INST1.ITS.DT1
 2
     Section 8-20.1 is supplemented with the following:
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     8-20.1.OPT1.ITS.DT1.MOD.docx
 5
          (*****)
 6
          INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM (ITS)
 7
          3a. Traffic Data Accumulation System
 8
          3b. Closed Circuit Television System
 9
          3c. Communication Conduit System
10
          3d. Communication Cables and Interfaces
11
          3e. Video, Voice & Data Distribution and Transmission System
12
     8-20.1.OPT2.ITS.docx
13
          (*****)
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15
          Traffic Data Accumulation System
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          This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, and testing all materials and equipment
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          necessary to provide a complete and operable extension to the existing Traffic Data
18
          Accumulation system.
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     8-20.1.OPT3.ITS.DT1
21
          (NWR ITS October 11, 2004)
22
          Closed Circuit Television System
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          This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, and testing all materials and equipment
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          necessary to provide a complete and operable extension to the existing closed circuit
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         television (CCTV) system.
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27
     8-20.1.OPT4.ITS.DT1
28
          (NWR ITS February 11, 2002)
29
          Variable Message Sign (VMS)
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          This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and testing all materials and equipment
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          necessary to complete in place the variable message sign system, and when specified,
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          the modification of such an existing system.
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     8-20.1.OPT5.ITS.DT1
35
          (NWR ITS February 11, 2002)
          Highway Advisory Radio (HAR) System
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          This work shall consist of the following:
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              *** $$1$$ ***
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     8-20.1.OPT5(A).ITS.DT1
              (NWR ITS October 16, 2006)
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              Highway Advisory Radio Transmitter (HART)
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              The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, tools, equipment and services for
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The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, tools, equipment and services for the installation of a fully operational Highway Advisory Radio Transmitter (HART) as intended by the Special Provisions and Plans. The HART shall include, but not be limited to: electronics rack, amplitude modulated transmitter, power supply, voice storage unit, digital communications module, equipment cabinet, antenna, pole, conduits, conductors, junction boxes, and power and communication services.

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The Contractor shall provide and install the HART as shown in the Plans. The HART will be controlled remotely from the Traffic Management Center (TMC) at Dayton Ave. in Shoreline by the use of Contracting Agency-owned communication lines.

8-20.1.OPT5(B).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 23, 2009)

Highway Advisory Radio Sign (HARS)

This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and testing of new sign and beacons, sign control equipment and cabinet, and other equipment necessary to provide for an operational highway advisory radio system as specified in these Special Provisions.

8-20.1.OPT8.ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 11, 2002)

Communication Conduit System

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing the facilities used to mechanically accommodate the communication components of the ITS System. The Contractor shall be responsible for interfacing with the existing communications system and satisfying system compatibility with regard to the existing facilities and this communications system extension. Conduit shall be supplied as a system from a single manufacturer providing all of the steel and PVC conduit; all required fittings, terminations, and other installation accessories; all in accordance with the Plans, the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

8-20.1.OPT9.ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 11, 2002)

Communication Cables And Interfaces

This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and testing all materials and equipment necessary to complete in place the communication cable and interface system and, when specified, the modification of such an existing system.

8-20.1.OPT10.ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 11, 2002)

Video, Voice, & Data Distribution And Transmission Systems

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing all materials and equipment necessary to complete in place the video, voice, and data distribution and video transmission systems, and when specified, the modification of such existing systems.

8-20.1.OPT11.ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 23, 2009)

Communication Hub / Concrete Universal Enclosure (CUE)

This work shall consist of providing and installing a concrete universal enclosure (CUE), mechanical and environmental system to support the requirements of the housed equipment in four 19-inch rack frames, two 23-inch rack frames (6.9 feet in height).

8-20.2.GR8

Materials

8-20.2.INST1.ITS.DT1

51 Section 8-20.2 is supplemented with the following:

8-20.2.OPT2.ITS.DT1

Closed Circuit Television System

8-20.2.OPT2(A).ITS.DT1.docx

Television Camera Assembly

Television cameras shall be supplied as a unit including camera with integrated lens, id generator, camera controller, pressurized environmental enclosure, pan and tilt mechanism and rain/sun shade. The camera assembly shall be a Helios 3960HD series camera positioning system, manufactured by CohuHD.

1. Equipment Model Numbers:

Helios camera system: Model HD35-7000

Camera Mounts:

Side pole mount: Model 8503-0
Wall mount: Model 8425-7
Pedestal: Model 7411542-001

2. Manufacturer Information:

CohuHD 12367 Crosthwaite Circle Poway, CA 92064-6817 Telephone: (858) 391-1800 www.cohuhd.com

8-20.2.OPT2(B).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS September 26, 2005)

Camera Pole(s)

The Contractor shall furnish and install round tapered steel poles for the CCTV camera installation, as shown in the Plans. The camera pole installation shall include the pole foundations for the CCTV camera installation and all associated mounting hardware. Pole hand holes shall have cover plates. They shall provide a flat mounting surface at the top of the pole to attach the camera assembly. The mounting plate shall have a 1.75-inch hole to pass the camera connector into the top section of the pole. The plate shall also provide predrilled 7/16-inch bolt holes in a 4.75-inch bolt circle to match the base plate of the camera assembly. The Contractor shall design the poles, hardware, and components to the requirements as shown in the Plans for each location.

Submittal

The Contractor shall submit all structural calculations and shop drawings to the Engineer for approval in accordance with Section 6-03.3(7), prior to fabrication of the poles and hardware.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8-20.2.OPT2(C).ITS.DT1 (NWR ITS February 23, 2009) Existing Camera Pole(s) When modifying an existing camera pole that currently has a heavy-duty pan/tilt unit and 8200 series camera mounted on it, the Contractor shall perform the following tasks:
8 9 10 11	 Modify the top of the pole by cutting a 1.75-inch diameter hole in the center of the mounting plate for the camera control cable to pass through into the top section of the pole. Paint the mounting plate with cold galvanizing paint to repair the finish damaged by drilling and cutting.
12 13	 Install a short pedestal mount (Pelco PM2010) on the modified base plate.
14 15	Remove the existing pole-mounted junction box and cap the remaining holes.
16 17	Install new camera and cable in accordance with the details.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	8-20.2.OPT2(D).ITS.docx (******) Camera Control Cabinet (Pad Mount) The cabinet shall have the same external physical dimensions and appearance of Model 334 cabinets. 1. Cabinets shall be fabricated of 0.125" sheet aluminum, 5052 alloy, with mill
26 27 28	finish, in accordance with Section 9-29.13(7)D, Item number 1. Painted or anodized aluminum is not allowed.
29 30 31 32 33	 A spring loaded construction core lock capable of accepting a Best 6-pin core shall be installed on all doors accessing WSDOT equipment. A 6-pin green construction core shall be installed in each core lock. Upon contract completion, two master keys for each cabinet shall be delivered to the Engineer.

3. The cabinet shall be equipped with an electric strip heater with a rating of 100 watts and 120 VAC and a ventilation fan meeting the requirements specified in Chapter 12 of FHWA IP-78-16.

 4. The fan and strip heater shall be controlled by a high-low adjustable thermostat, which can be set to ensure the cabinet interior temperature remains between 60 °F and 125 °F. The heater strip shall be shielded.

5. Two shatterproof fluorescent interior cabinet lights with self-starting ballast shall be furnished, one fixture mounted on the rear rack near the top and the second mounted at the top of the front rack. Door switches shall automatically turn on both lights when either door is opened.

The cabinet shall be equipped with a power distribution panel mounted on a standard EIA 19-inch (ANSI/EIA RS-310-C) rack utilizing no more than five RMU (8.75 inches). The following devices shall be provided with the power distribution panel: Duplex 120 VAC power receptacle. a. Main circuit breaker, 120 VAC, 20 amp. Four load circuit breakers, 120 VAC, 15 amp. d. Neutral bus. Ground bus. e. Surge suppresser and filter unit, 120 VAC, 50 amp. Power distribution panel components shall be mounted in or on the panel such that they are readily accessible, provide dead front safety, and all hazardous voltage points are covered to prevent inadvertent contact. One controller unit shelf, which attaches to the front and back rails of the EIA rack, shall be provided. The shelf shall be fabricated from aluminum and shall contain a roll-out flip-top drawer for storage of wiring diagrams and manuals. 20 21 8-20.2.OPT2(E).ITS.DT1 22 (NWR ITS September 26, 2005) 23 **Camera Control Cabinet (Pole Mount)** Camera control cabinets shall contain the equipment shown in the Plans. The 25 cabinet shall have the same features as the pad-mounted version except the dimensions shall be 36 inches high, 24 inches wide and 18 inches deep and 26 include a single door. The cabinet and door shall meet the same requirements as the pad-mounted version. The cabinet shall include the following: Cabinets shall be fabricated of 0.125" sheet aluminum, 5052 alloy, with mill finish, in accordance with Section 9-29.13(7)D, Item number 1. Painted or 32 anodized aluminum is not allowed.

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- Cabinet doors shall have a three-point latch and two-position stop assembly with spring loaded construction core lock capable of accepting a Best Lock Company 6-pin CX series core. The Contractor shall supply green construction cores. Upon contract completion, the Contractor shall deliver two master keys and one core removal key to the Engineer.
- The cabinet shall be equipped with a rack-mounted power distribution panel. The panel shall contain one duplex 120 VAC power receptacle for each camera, main circuit breaker (120 VAC, 15 amp), ground bus, neutral bus, and Surge suppresser and filter unit, (120 VAC, 50 amp). The power distribution panel components shall be mounted in or on the panel such that they are readily accessible, provide dead front safety, and all hazardous voltage points are covered to prevent inadvertent contact.
- 4. Each camera control cabinet shall house one termination block for termination of the camera control cable.
- 5. The Contractor shall provide and install a rack-mounted fiber optic patch panel as shown in the Plans and as specified elsewhere in these Provisions.

6. The cabinet shall include a standard EIA 19-inch (ANSI/EIA RS-310-C) rack for mounting equipment.

8-20.2.OPT2(F).ITS.docx

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CCTV System Cabling

Cable connections between the camera system (Model 3965) and the control cabinet shall be as shown in the Plans. The cable ends shall be factory terminated. Cable installation shall only require installing the connector shell at the camera end, and modifying the power cable at the cabinet end. The cable used between the CCTV camera and the camera control cabinet shall be manufactured by Cohu.

Equipment Model Numbers:

Cable Assembly, 3965 control CA295E

8-20.2.OPT8.ITS.DT1

Variable Message Sign (VMS)

8-20.2.OPT8(A).ITS.docx (******)

Materials

Section 8-20.2 is supplemented with the following:

The sign display shall be supplied by the following vendor:

Daktronics, Inc. 331 32nd Ave, P.O. Box 5128 Brookings, SD 57006-5128

Tel: (888) 325-8726 Fax: (605) 697-4700

Email: transportation@daktronics.com

Skyline Products, Inc. 2903 Delta Drive Colorado Springs, CO 80910

Tel: (800) 759-9046 Fax: (719) 392-2075

Email: trafficsystems@skylineproducts.com

Sign Display

The sign display shall be a continuous matrix of pixels, 27 pixels high and 105 pixels wide. Each pixel shall be made from a grouping of amber light emitting diodes and contain no moving parts. The matrix of pixels shall be capable of displaying a message of 3 lines of text, 18 characters long. The sign display and other associated VMS components shall permit a test message using all 2,835 pixels, running at the maximum brightness and 100 percent duty.

VMS Sign Beacon

Three flashing beacons shall be installed on top of the sign housing. The beacons shall be as specified in Section 9-29.21. The 12 inch lamps shall be LED type, amber in color and meet the applicable portions of Section 9-29.16(2)A.

The beacons shall be aluminum and consist of single section, 12 inch traffic signal heads with cadet visor, square doors, and amber display. The center beacon shall flash alternatively to the two outside beacons.

Flashers for beacons shall be as specified in Section 9-29.15, with aluminum sheet metal cabinets. The sign controller shall operate the beacons as commanded by the NTCIP communications protocol.

Sign Housing

The VMS housing shall provide walk-in service access for all LED display modules, electronics, power supplies, environmental control equipment, air filters, wiring, and other internal VMS components. The internal size of the housing shall be a minimum of 6.25 feet high. The access doors shall be a minimum of 2 feet wide by 6.25 feet high.

Each access door shall be mounted to an integral frame, which bolts to the VMS housing frame using stainless steel hardware. A continuous vertical stainless steel hinge shall be used to support the door. In the closed position the door shall latch to the frame with a three-point draw-roller mechanism. The latching mechanism shall include a handle and release lever inside the VMS housing so that a person with no tools or keys cannot become trapped inside the housing. The door frame shall be flanged on all sides so that it sheds water. The door shall close around the flanged frame and shall compress against the one-piece closed-cell neoprene gasket that adheres to the door frame. Doors shall contain a stop to retain the door in the fully open (90 degree) position. The doors shall have a three-point latch and two-position stop assembly with spring loaded construction core lock capable of accepting a Best Lock Company 6-pin CX series core. Upon contract substantial completion, the Contractor shall deliver two master keys and one core removal key to the Engineer. Each door shall be provided with a door sensor that triggers the local sign controller to notify the central computer (via an NTCIP message) whenever either door is opened

The nominal external dimensions of the sign shall not exceed 26.5 feet in width, 8.5 feet in height, and 4.25 feet in depth. The VMS back and side housing walls shall be vertical. The front VMS wall shall be built at an angle of 3 degrees toward the viewing motorists. Display modules shall be parallel to the front VMS wall, so that use of the LED viewing cone is optimized. The dead load of the housing and contents shall not exceed 3750 lbs.

VMS housing exterior sheet material shall be 5052 aluminum alloy and shall have a minimum thickness of 0.125 inches. Exterior sheet seams shall be continuously welded and waterproof. VMS housing structural frame members (I-beams, C-channels, Zee-extrusions, and bar stock) shall be aluminum alloy number 6061-T6.

The minimum distance from the interior rear wall of the VMS housing to the closest display components shall be 36 inches. This free space shall be maintained across the entire interior of the sign housing, with the exception of structural members.

Structural members shall be designed and positioned so as to not be an obstruction to free movement of maintenance technicians throughout the interior of the housing. Circuit boards/display components shall be protected from accidental contact by maintenance personnel.

VMS housings shall be constructed to present a clean, neat appearance, and the equipment located within shall be protected from rain, snow, dirt, and corrosion. Sign housing floors shall contain small weep holes for draining water that accumulates due to condensation. Weep holes shall be fabricated in a manner which prevents the entrance of insects.

The front of the LED display matrix shall be completely covered with polycarbonate sheeting that is weather tight, ultraviolet (UV) light protected, non-glare, and which has a minimum thickness of 0.17 inches. To achieve maximum display contrast and legibility, the outside of the polycarbonate sign face shall be fully covered with a mask, which is formed from aluminum sheeting. The mask shall have a minimum thickness of 0.09 inches and shall contain a circular opening for each pixel. The openings shall not hinder the 15° LED viewing angle. All exposed metal on the VMS front face, which is visible to viewing motorists, shall be coated with black Kynar 500 resin or an equivalent oven-fired fluoropolymer-based coating having a minimum outdoor service life of 20 years. This shall include the aluminum face mask, the aluminum border outside the LED display matrix, and all the mounting and assembly hardware.

The VMS housing shall include a minimum of two (2) NEMA 20-R, 120 VAC duplex electrical outlets, with ground-fault circuit interrupters. One duplex outlet shall be located at each end of the inside of the VMS housing.

The VMS housing shall contain one (1) 4 foot, 40-watt fluorescent lamp for every 5 feet of VMS housing length. Lamps shall be evenly spaced across the inside roof of the VMS housing, so they can provide uniform light distribution for night time maintenance purposes. Fluorescent light assemblies shall be covered with a protective wire cage. Fluorescent light ballasts shall be rated for operation at 0°F. The fluorescent light circuit shall be controlled by a manual timer switch having an adjustable on time of two (2) hours.

All VMS equipment, components, modular assemblies and other materials located within the VMS housing shall be removable, transportable, and capable of being installed by a single technician utilizing a one-person aerial lift truck. VMS structural members are not included in this requirement.

Ribbon cable shall be protected at all points of physical contact where it touches metallic frameworks. Either the ribbon cable or the frame, or both, shall be wrapped with a protective covering where the cable touches the framework, to prevent cable insulation rub-through from road induced vibration in the sign framework.

The interior VMS environment shall be monitored and controlled by the sign controller. Environmental control shall be designed to maintain the internal VMS temperature at or below +140°F when the outdoor ambient temperature is at or below +115°F. The VMS environmental control system shall consist of four primary subsystems as follows:

Internal Temperature Sensors - The VMS shall contain two internally-mounted temperature sensors which are equipped with external thermocouples and which the sign controller continuously monitors. This temperature information shall be used by the sign controller to determine when to activate and deactivate the environmental control systems described herein. Sensors shall be located on opposite ends of the upper 1/3 of the LED display matrix, and their external thermocouples shall be attached to and make contact with an LED pixel circuit board.

The thermocouple and LED board shall be easily detached, in the event that one of the units requires removal and replacement. Sensors shall be capable of measuring temperatures from -40°F to +185°F. The sign controller shall automatically shut down the LED display whenever one or both sensors indicate that LED board temperature has exceeded +140°F. The sign controller shall automatically restart the LED display whenever the suspect temperature falls below +130°F. Both shutdown and re-start temperature thresholds shall be user-programmable. Sensor temperatures and VMS shutdown/re-start events shall be reportable to the VMS Central Software.

Housing Cooling System - The VMS housing shall contain a positive pressure cooling system which circulates outside air into the VMS housing whenever LED board temperature exceeds a user-programmable threshold. This system shall consist of enough ventilation fans as needed to exchange the internal VMS housing air volume at a minimum rate of 3.8 times per minute. Fans shall be the ball-bearing type.

There shall be one filtered air intake fan for each intake port. Intake fans shall be located in a line across the lower rear wall of the VMS housing. Intake fans shall contain a removable filter which shall remove airborne particles measuring 5 microns in diameter and larger.

Exhaust vents shall be placed in a line across the upper rear wall of the VMS housing and shall allow air out of the cabinet.

On the VMS housing rear exterior wall, all air intake ports and exhaust vents shall be covered on their top, front, and sides by an aluminum shroud fabricated from 0.090 inch aluminum sheeting. Shrouds shall be securely fastened to the VMS housing, and all shroud-to-housing interfaces shall be thoroughly gasketed to prevent water from entering the VMS. All air filters and fans shall be removable from inside the VMS housing.

The sign controller shall initially be programmed to activate the VMS housing cooling system whenever the LED board temperature exceeds +100°F and will turn the cooling system off whenever LED board temperature falls below +95°F.

The VMS housing cooling system shall be controllable by an adjustable timer that will turn fans off after the set time has expired. The timer shall be adjustable to at least four (4) hours, and it shall be located just inside the VMS housing door, within easy reach of a maintenance technician standing outside the VMS doorway.

LED Display Cooling System - The VMS shall contain an LED display cooling system, which directs air across the LED display modules whenever LED board temperature exceeds a user-programmable threshold. This system shall be comprised of fan-forced air directed vertically across the back side of the entire LED display matrix. The air source shall consist of multiple ball-bearing fans. The sign controller shall initially be programmed to activate the LED cooling fan system whenever LED board temperature exceeds +110°F and shall deactivate the system whenever LED board temperature falls below +105°F. Cooling fans shall be located so as not to hinder removal of LED display modules and driver boards.

Front Face Panel Defog/Defrost System - The VMS shall contain a defog/defrost system which circulates warm, fan-forced air across the inside of the polycarbonate front face whenever LED board temperature falls below a user-programmable threshold. The air source shall consist of multiple ball-bearing fans that provide uniform airflow across the polycarbonate face panel.

The sign controller shall initially be programmed to activate the defog/defrost system whenever LED board temperature falls below +40°F and shall deactivate the defog/defrost system whenever LED board temperature exceeds +105°F. A 100-watt pencil-style heating element shall be mounted in front of each defog/defrost fan and shall serve to warm the air directed across the VMS face. Heating elements shall be on only when the defog/defrost fans are on.

Personnel Restraint System

In the event that the sign installation does not include walkways or platforms at each of the VMS housing entrance doorways, a supplemental restraint shall be installed. The purpose of the restraint is to prevent workers inside the sign from inadvertently stepping out of an open doorway and falling to the ground below. The restraint system shall include guardrails to block any doorway that does not open to a walkway or platform. Each system shall include a top rail, mid rail, and toe board on the interior doors. The main interior entrances shall have rails in front of the door that are hinged and can be deployed as needed to block the doorway during the maintenance operation. The secondary door shall have fixed guardrails inside the door that completely block the doorway. These rails shall be vertical and horizontal in a grid with the largest opening measuring 18 inches on any side. The guardrails shall be attached by bolts or welded in-place. The personnel restraint system (guardrails) shall meet the criteria in WAC 296-155-505(7).

Lanyard Attachment Point

A personal fall restraint lanyard attachment point (anchorage) shall be installed on the outside of the VMS housing near each door. The point shall be installed opposite of the door hinge. The attachment point shall connect to the internal housing framework and meet the applicable criteria in WAC 296-155.

Sign Mounting Hardware

A VMS, sign structure, foundation, and a maintenance walkway are included in the construction. The sign housing shall be provided with all necessary hardware including sign mounting beams, vertical and horizontal brackets, maintenance walkways, and all related hardware to install the VMS.

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The walkway shall be level with the bottom edge of the VMS. All mounting hardware shall conform to the G series Standard Plans, the Standard Specifications and the Plans. All nuts used in the mounting hardware shall be self-locking nuts with nylon inserts. VMS's shall be attached or mounted to sign structures by means of positive connections - defined as through-bolted connections. The use of clips or clamps to accomplish the attachment or mounting of such signs and assemblies is prohibited. The VMS housing, structural framing, face covering, and mounting members shall be designed to withstand a wind velocity of 100 mph with a 30 percent gust factor and shall otherwise comply with the latest requirements of AASHTO's Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals. **Ground-mounted VMS Field Cabinet**

8-20.2.OPT8(B).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS September 26, 2005)

The field cabinet shall contain the equipment shown in the Plans. The cabinet shall have the same external dimensions and appearance of Model 334 cabinets as specified in Chapter 12 of FHWA IP-78-16. The cabinet shall contain the main power feed from the 120/240v transformer.

- Cabinets shall be fabricated of 0.125 inches sheet aluminum, 5052 alloy, with mill finish, in accordance with Section 9-29.13(7)D, Item number 1. Painted or anodized aluminum is not allowed.
- Cabinet doors shall have a three-point latch and two-position stop assembly with spring-loaded construction core lock capable of accepting a Best Lock Company 6-pin CX series core. The Contractor shall supply green construction cores with two master keys and one core removal key per lock. The Contractor shall deliver the keys to the Engineer.
- The cabinet shall be equipped with an electric strip heater and a ventilation fan. The strip heater shall be rated at 100 watts and 120 VAC and be shielded in a manner that prevents damage to nearby electrical cables. The ventilation fan shall be mounted in the top of the cabinet, be equipped with a screened guard, and exhaust at least 10 CFM.

The fan and strip heater shall be controlled by a high-low adjustable thermostat, which can be set to ensure the cabinet interior temperature remains between 60°F and 120°F.

- Two shatterproof fluorescent interior cabinet lights with self-starting ballast shall be furnished, one fixture mounted on the rear rack near the top and the second mounted at the top of the front rack. Door switches shall automatically turn on both lights when either door is opened.
- The cabinet shall be provided with two 15 amp, 120 VAC duplex receptacles. One of the receptacles is for a laptop and/or tools and shall

be GFCI-protected. The second receptacle is for communications equipment and shall not be GFCI-protected.

- 5. The cabinet shall be provided with three (3) circuit breakers. One circuit breaker shall be rated at least 20 amps and shall operate the heater, ventilation fan, receptacles, and lamps. The second circuit breaker shall be two-pole and control the power to the VMS defog/defrost heater elements. The third circuit breaker shall operate all other sign equipment. The second and third circuit breakers shall be rated in accordance with the NEC. Separate terminal strips shall be provided for each circuit breaker and an unfused terminal for the neutral side of the power supply line.
- 7. The cabinet shall contain one VMS sign controller as specified under VMS Sign Controller. The cabinet shall be provided with two serial communication ports.

One communication port shall be used to connect a laptop to the controller. The interface shall be wired as a 9-pin, EIA-232 DCE port. The port shall connect to a laptop computer using a straight-through 9-pin cable. One cable shall be supplied for each VMS installed in this contract.

The second communication port is for remote control of the sign from the central computer. The interface shall be wired as a 25-pin, EIA-232 DTE port. This port connects to a communication interface (modem) specified elsewhere in this contract. A cable shall be supplied to connect the VMS communication port to the modem port (the modem port may be a non-standard pin-out and require a custom-made cable).

A reset button shall be provided in the cabinet that, when pressed, resets the VMS controller and all other VMS electronics.

- 8. A pullout shelf shall be provided in the cabinet to facilitate a laptop during local testing and control of the VMS.
- 9. Noise and voltage spike protection shall be provided in the cabinet as stated in the Transient Current Protection section of the Contract Provisions.
- 10. The conductor within the cabinet and the sign shall meet the requirements of Section 9-29.24. The conductors for communication shall be a minimum of 22 gauge.

8-20.2.OPT8(C).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS September 26, 2005)

Control System

The VMS control system shall include all excavation, backfill, conduit, wiring, and all hardware associated with providing power and communication between the local control cabinet and the sign. It shall also include writing, providing, and installing all software and any needed hardware to ensure the VMS is fully compatible with and completely capable of being operated by the Contracting Agency's existing Digital

VAX computer system, while requiring no additional software or software modifications to be installed in the Contracting Agency's VAX.

Circuit Boards

The manufacturer's submittal shall include a schematic diagram for each type of circuit board used in the sign display and control system. Each circuit board used in the VMS display and control system shall conform to the following:

- The printed circuit board through-hole for each LED cathode lead shall be connected to a large copper trace pad having a minimum surface area of 0.04 square inch. The trace pads shall dissipate heat from the LEDs and shall be present on both the front and rear sides of the LED pixel board.
- 2. All exposed metal (except connectors) shall be protected from water and humidity exposure by a thorough application of acrylic conformal coating. Bench level repairs to individual devices, including discrete LED replacement and conformal coating repairs, shall be possible.
- 3. Printed circuit laminate shall be FR-4 fiberglass, having a minimum thickness of 1/16 inch. The circuit board traces shall be copper. Throughholes shall also be plated with copper.
- 4. All cables attaching to circuit boards shall be held in place by locking latch connectors that firmly hold the cables in place.

Display LEDs

LEDs used in the VMS display shall be from one LED manufacturer and of one part number. LEDs shall conform to the following minimum requirements:

- 1. LEDs shall be un-tinted, non-diffused, high-output, solid state lamps utilizing Indium Gallium Aluminum Phosphide (InGaAIP) technology. The LED manufacturer shall be Toshiba or Hewlett-Packard.
- 2. The discrete LEDs size shall be T 1-3/4. LED package style shall be the through-hole flush-mount type, and all LEDs shall be soldered with the base of their lens mounted within 0.010 inches of the printed circuit board.
- 3. LEDs shall emit amber light, having a peak wavelength of 590 ± 5 nanometers. The half-life rating shall be 100,000 hours. Rated brightness per LED shall be a minimum of three (3) candelas.
- 4. LEDs shall be pre-sorted by the LED manufacturer for luminous intensity and color. LEDs used shall be obtained from a one-bin luminous intensity sort. A bin is defined such that when all LEDs from a given bin are driven with an identical forward current, the dimmest LED shall emit no less than half the luminous intensity of the brightest LED in the bin.
- 5. Operating temperature range shall be -22 to +185° F, and storage temperature range shall be -40 to +248° F.
- Minimum half-power viewing angle shall be 15°. Half-power viewing angle is defined such that, at a given distance from the LED, luminous intensity

measured at any point at an angle of 7.5° from the LEDs center axis shall be no less than half the luminous intensity measured directly on the LEDs center axis.

 The discrete LED manufacturer's data sheet showing compliance with this Special Provision, and 10 samples, shall be provided with the VMS manufacturer's submittal.

LED Modules

The VMS shall be constructed with multiple display circuit boards, each of which contains no less than five (5), but no more than forty-five (45) pixels. Each pixel, which is defined as the smallest programmable portion of a display matrix, shall consist of a cluster of closely spaced discrete LEDs (strings of LEDs) and shall conform to the following requirements:

- 1. The distance from the center of one pixel to the center of all adjacent pixels, both horizontally and vertically, shall be 66.0 millimeters.
- 2. Each LED string shall be in series with its own current limiting resistor. Current limiting resistors shall be rated to limit LED string forward current to 30 milliamperes whenever a forward voltage is applied.
- 3. Each pixel shall contain a minimum two (2) string of LEDs. Each LED string shall contain a minimum six (6) LEDs.
- 4. The failure of an LED string shall not cause a change in the forward current of any other LED string, nor shall it cause the failure of any other LED string. Similarly, the failure of any LED pixel shall not cause the failure of any other pixel in the VMS.
- 5. Each LED pixel shall emit a minimum luminous intensity of 40 candelas when driven with a forward current of 20 milliamperes DC per LED string. An independent laboratory that utilizes equipment and procedures traceable to N.I.S.T. standards shall certify LED pixel intensity. The independent laboratory's certification report shall be provided with the VMS manufacturer's submittal. This report shall contain the laboratory name, address, and contact information. The report shall also contain a description of the test procedure and test equipment used, test personnel name(s), pixel intensity test results, date(s) the VMS manufacturer's LED pixel samples were tested, and the VMS manufacturer's name.
- 6. Discrete LEDs shall be mounted perpendicular to their PC boards. Any variations in discrete LED color and intensity shall be thoroughly dispersed throughout the entire display, thereby creating a uniform visual appearance of both color and intensity.
- 7. The sign controller shall be able to measure the forward current of each LED pixel and determine if the pixel is operating normally. This information shall be stored in a read-only NTCIP object.

LED Output Control

The LEDs shall be driven using Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) of a nominal 30 milliampere forward current, where pulse width is used to achieve the programmed LED intensity level for a given ambient lighting condition.

The current pulse shall be modulated from a 10-millisecond period, and pulse amplitude shall not be allowed to exceed 30 milliamperes per LED string. An illustration of the PWM drive current waveforms, which are used to achieve minimum and maximum LED intensity, shall also be provided with the VMS manufacturer's submittal.

LED Intensity Control System

The VMS shall be equipped with an LED intensity control system. The control shall support both manual and automatic control. LED intensity control shall consist of three (3) photo-sensors and associated circuitry. VMS controller analysis of these ambient light measurements shall automatically determine which of sixteen preprogrammed LED intensity levels will provide the best VMS legibility for the given ambient light condition. The LED intensity control system shall not cause flickering of the LED display.

The LED intensity control system shall conform to the following minimum requirements:

1. The VMS controller shall contain a read-write NTCIP object that adjusts the maximum usable intensity threshold, the Maximum Pulse Width Modulation (MPWM). This number is a percentage of the absolute maximum possible intensity. At the time of VMS delivery, MPWM shall be set to 67%. The LED intensity control system shall be designed such that a MPWM value of 100% delivers a time-average current of 30 milliamperes, and the MPWM value of 67% delivers a time-average current of 20 milliamperes.

Automatic intensity control shall select one of sixteen LED intensity levels based on the sensed ambient light. The threshold points for each intensity levels shall be user programmable. LED intensity levels shall be available in 1% increments and in a range of 1% to 100% of maximum display intensity.

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LED Display Driver Circuit Boards

The VMS shall contain 9x5 LED display modules, which are constructed as follows:

LED pixel circuit boards shall be mounted to the back of an aluminum panel to form a 9 pixel high by 5 pixel wide LED display module. The pixel board(s) shall be mounted to the aluminum panel with durable, noncorrosive fasteners, and their removal from the panel shall not require use of tools.

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One electronic driver circuit board shall be provided for each 9 high by 5 wide (9x5) LED pixel module and shall individually control all 45 pixels on that module.

- 3. Failure of a 9x5 driver board shall not cause the failure of any other 9x5 LED display module.
- 4. The LED display shall have a minimum refresh rate of 100 frames per second. The VMS manufacturer's submittal shall provide calculations that prove that the display conforms to this requirement.
- 5. The aluminum module panel shall have a minimum thickness of 1.5 millimeters, and it shall contain a circular opening for each LED pixel. The openings shall be sized so they do not block any portion of the 15° LED viewing cone.
- 6. The front side of the aluminum module panel, which faces the viewing motorists, shall be primed and coated with flat black paint.
- 7. Display modules and all of their components shall be easily replaceable from inside the VMS housing. Display modules shall mount securely to a support frame located inside the sign housing using durable, non-corrosive hardware. Module removal and replacement shall be accomplished with the use of simple hand tools or no tools.
- 8. All display module electrical connections shall be the quick-disconnect locking connector type. Removal of a 9x5 display module from the VMS, or a pixel board or driver board from its display module, shall not require a soldering operation.

Power Supplies

The LED display matrix shall be powered by regulated switching DC power supplies that operate from 120 VAC input power and have an output of 24 volts DC or less. Power supplies shall be wired in a redundant parallel configuration that uses multiple supplies per display. The supplies shall have a "current sharing" capability, that allows them to provide equal amounts of current to their portion of the LED display. Power supplies shall be rated such that if one supply fails, the remaining supplies will be able to operate their portion of the display under full load conditions (all pixels on at maximum drive current) while in an ambient temperature of +140° F.

Power supplies shall operate within a minimum input voltage range of +90 to +135 volts AC. Power supply output at an ambient temperature of +140° F shall be no less than 65% of its room temperature (+70° F) output. Power supply efficiency shall be a minimum of 74%. Power supplies shall have a minimum power factor rating of 0.95. Power supplies shall be short circuit protected. Under short circuit conditions, the DC side of the power supply shall be powered down. The power supplies shall reset automatically after 5 seconds of AC power off. Power supplies shall be protected by a minimum overload allowance of 105%. Inputs to power supplies shall be fused or circuit breaker protected. A failed power supply shall not interfere with the other operating power supplies.

The VMS sign controller shall be capable of monitoring the operational status ("normal" or "failed") of each individual power supply by reading a diagnostic signal located on the supply's DC output.

A copy of the power supply manufacturer's data sheet and its UL product card shall be provided with the VMS manufacturer's submittal.

The VMS manufacturer's submittal shall contain calculations demonstrating that the power supplies are rated for the criteria in this Special Provision. These calculations shall account for power supply output de-rating at a temperature of +140° F.

Transient Current Protection

VMS and sign controller signal and power inputs shall be protected from electrical spikes and transients.

AC power for all equipment shall be protected at the load center inside the field cabinet. A parallel-connection surge suppresser, rated for a minimum surge of 10 kJ, shall be connected to the load center in a manner that protects the load center and the equipment it feeds.

AC power for control equipment, such as the field controller and modem, shall be further protected by the use of a series-connected surge suppresser capable of passing 15 Amps of current. This device shall be UL 1149 recognized.

EIA 232/485 communication ports in the sign controller shall be protected by avalanche diodes rated for 11.5 Volts at 10 Amps and 14 Volts at 70 Amps. The diodes shall be and connected between each signal line and ground.

Digital input and output lines from the VMS to the control equipment shall be protected at the control equipment by optically isolated input and output modules, or optically-isolated solid state relays. Inputs shall include, but shall not be limited to the VMS regulated power supply diagnostics and the AC power failure alarm. Outputs shall include, but shall not be limited the cooling fan and defog/defrost fan control.

VMS Sign Controller

Each VMS shall include an associated sign controller, which shall be installed in the field cabinet. The sign controller hardware and software shall support all VMS communication, control, and diagnostic features as listed herein.

Memory

Sign controllers shall have both permanent and semi-permanent memory. Permanent memory shall be EE-PROM integrated circuits and shall contain the executable sign controller software. Semi-permanent memory shall be RAM integrated circuits with a battery backup that retains the data in memory for a minimum of one year following a power failure. Semi-permanent memory shall contain the library of messages, the message display schedule and programmable operating parameters. Each message shall have the capability to be defined and stored as a three-page message.

Power Interruptions

Contents of the sign controller's memory shall be preserved by battery backup during AC power interruptions and the controller shall automatically resume operation once AC power is restored. Upon recovering from a power interruption, the sign controller shall display the message identified by the Power Recovery

Message parameter. The sign controller shall report to the central computer that it has recovered from a power interruption.

8-20.2.OPT8(D).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 11, 2002) Sign Controller Software

The sign controller shall cause the desired message to be displayed on the VMS. The sign shall display alphanumeric character fonts. The sign controller shall provide a default value for each NTCIP object supported.

Message Selection

 The central computer or laptop computer shall cause the sign controller to implement a message selected from those stored in controller memory, or a new message entered via the communication port.

The sign controller shall incorporate CRC checks to verify MULTI strings. The sign shall not display a message unless the MessageActivationCode CRC matches the MessageCRC.

A message shall remain displayed on the sign until either a command to change the current message or a command to blank the display is received. A command to display a message shall not succeed if the activation priority is less than the run time priority of the message currently displayed.

Data Transmission Requirements

Each sign controller shall contain two communication ports. Each communication port shall be labeled ("Local" or "Central") and shall be set to 9600 baud at the factory. Each port shall operate independently at baud rates of 1200, 2400, 9600, and 19,200 bits per second. The user shall select the baud rate for each port via a DIP switch.

Communication

The sign controller hardware and software shall communicate with the central computer in a polled multi-drop operation. In the polled multi-drop operation, several sign controllers shall share the same communication channel, with each controller assigned a unique ID number. Controller ID numbers shall conform to the NTCIP requirements for address numbers. A sign controller shall only reply to messages labeled with its ID. In polled multi-drop mode, sign controllers never initiate communication, but merely transmit their responses to messages from the central computer.

A laptop computer connected to the sign controller's local communication port shall have the same control and diagnostic capabilities as the central computer. However, local laptop control capability shall be limited to the VMS which is directly connected to that sign controller.

NTCIP Requirements

 The sign controller software shall comply with the National Transportation Communications for ITS Protocol (NTCIP) documents and all related errata sheets published before July 1, 1999 and as referenced herein.

The sign controller software shall support the following standards:

standardized range. The standardized range is defined by a size, range, or enumerated listing indicated in the object's SYNTAX field and/or through descriptive text in the object's description field. The following list indicates the modified object requirements for these objects.

		T	
Object	Object	Minimum	
Name	ID	Requirements	
Number of Fonts	numFonts	9	
Maximum Characters	maxFontCharacters	255	
per Font			
Default Background	defaultBackgroundColor	0	
Color			
Default Foreground	defaultForegroundColor	9	
Color	_		
Default Justification	defaultJustificationLine	2, 3, and 4	
Line			
Default Justification	defaultJustificationPage	2, 3, and 4	
Page			
Number of Permanent	DmsNumPermanentMsg.	2	
Msgs.			
Maximum No.	DmsMaxChangeableMsg.	8	
Changeable Msg.			
Maximum Number	dmsMaxVolatileMsg.	8	
Volatile Msg. *			
Control Mode	dmsControlMode	2, 4, and 5	
	•	•	

* Changeable messages in excess of the minimum requirement are considered to meet the specification for an equivalent number of Volatile messages.

The first permanent message shall be used to blank the sign display. The second permanent message shall be the diagnostic message.

Sign controller software shall implement the following tags (opening and closing where defined) of the Mark-Up Language for Transportation Information (MULTI) as defined in NTCIP 1203:

- 1. Flash
- 2. Font
- 3. Justification Line
- 4. Justification Page
- 5. Moving Text
- 6. New Line
- 7. New Page
- 8. Page Time

Documentation

Software shall be supplied with all documentation on 1.44Mb IBM-compatible diskette(s). ASCII versions of the following Management Information Base (MIB) files in Abstract Syntax Notation 1 (ASN.1) format shall be provided on CD-ROM:

- 1. The official MIB Module referenced by the device functionality.
- 2. A manufacturer-specific version of the official MIB Module with the non-standardized range indicated in the SYNTAX field. The filename shall match the official MIB Module, with the extension "spc".

3. A MIB Module of all manufacturer-specific objects supported by the device with accurate and meaningful DESCRIPTION fields and the supported ranges indicated in the SYNTAX field.

Control Software

This work shall consist of furnishing Variable Message Sign (VMS) control software. The control software shall be a 32-bit application, designed to operate on Microsoft® Windows $NT^{\text{\tiny M}}$, $98^{\text{\tiny M}}$, or $2000^{\text{\tiny M}}$ operating system. The control software shall provide for command and control of the following functions:

VMS Control

Software shall retrieve, display, update and download/upload the following functional parameters to the local sign controller in response to user-initiated instructions. The sign controller shall not perform pixel service tests when VMS are displaying messages. Software shall perform the following operations in conjunction with its monitoring and logging functions:

Display a message Blank the current message Change message priority Pixel service, lamp and fan tests Set time and date in the sign controller Retrieve sign controller ID, type, and manufacturer

Communications

Communications between the control software and sign controller shall be NTCIP compliant, as indicated in the Special Provision for Variable Message Sign System.

The control software shall verify all communications for errors. If a response from a sign controller contains a communication error, or if there is no response, the Control Software shall re-establish communications.

Data Collection

The control software shall retrieve errors detected, message number currently being displayed, and current message priority. Using different commands, the software shall retrieve message MULTI strings, a map of defective pixels, the time and date, the event schedule, and configuration parameters.

Message Library

The control software shall store messages and transfer messages to a sign for storage and/or display. When a user desires to send a message to a sign, the control software shall offer as choices only those messages compatible with the sign in question. The control software shall allow message names of up to 25 characters in length. If the selected name already exists, the software shall notify the user and give the option of replacing the existing message or selecting another name.

The control software shall display all character fonts supported by the Variable Message Sign System. Messages shall be displayed on the computer monitor in exactly the same format (font, text centering and justification) as on the Variable Message Sign.

1 2 3 4 5		The	tware Duplication Rights Department shall have the right to duplicate the Variable Message Sign Control tware as needed for use in controlling signs under its jurisdiction.						
6 7 8 9 10	Documentation The Contractor shall furnish five (5) copies of the Control Software user manuals t the Engineer. In addition, three (3) sets of the software, installation progran instructions and user manual shall be furnished on CD ROM or diskettes to the Engineer.								
11	0.00.00	DT4							
12			3.ITS.DT1						
13	Hig	ihwa	ay Advisory Radio (HAR) System						
14									
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	8-20.2.C	(NW High Each High	3(A).ITS.DT1 VR ITS October 16, 2006) hway Advisory Radio Transmitter (HART) th HART shall be a Black Max HAR AM Broadcast System, manufactured by hway Information Systems, Inc. The HAR system shall include the following apponents:						
22		1.	Equipment Model Numbers:						
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31			Electronics Rack RCK0001 AM Transmitter Module DRTXM3 Digital Recorder Module DR1500AM Digital Communications Controller Module DCC-1 Power Supply Module DRPSM1 Antenna ANT1000 Ground Plane GND0001						
32 33		2.	Manufacturer Information:						
34 35 36 37 38 39 40			Highway Information Systems, Inc. 4021 Stirrup Creek Dr Suite 100 Durham, NC 27703 Telephone: 1-800-849-4447 www.highwayinfo.com						
41 42		3.	Equipment Descriptions:						
43 44 45 46 47 48			Amplitude Modulated (AM) Transmitter Module The amplitude modulated transmitter module shall be of a FCC-accepted type and operate on a frequency of *** \$\$1\$\$ ***. The transmitter module shall be installed in a RCK0001 equipment rack. Digital Recorder Module						
49 50 51 52			The digital recorder module records and plays back human voice messages by the use of a solid-state memory. The module shall be installed in a RCK0001 equipment rack.						

Digital Communications Controller Module

The digital communications controller module allows the user to control the HART using touch-tone telephone, various serial interfaces, and ethernet. The module shall be installed in a RCK0001 equipment rack.

Antenna

The antenna system shall match the transmitter frequency. The antenna shall be such that it can be tuned to resonance at mounting heights between 25 and 30 feet above the ground. The antenna shall be rugged and able to withstand winds of up to 80 mph without ice buildup, and 50 mph with 1/2-inch of ice buildup.

The antenna shall be mounted on a wood pole as shown in the Plans with appropriate hardware.

The antenna system shall include the installation of a groundplane consistent with the manufacturer's recommendation. This ground plane shall be either the Triad Ground System (consisting of 6, 10 foot long perforated copper ground pipes buried 20 feet deep) or the Radial Ground System (consisting of 20 - 120 foot long 8 AWG copper radials buried 1 foot deep).

HART Cabinet

The HART Cabinet shall be a Model 334 Controller Cabinet meeting the requirements of the subsection **Fiber Optic Terminal Cabinets** of these specifications.

Communication Connection

Where twisted-pair cable is installed in the HART cabinet, the following shall be provided:

1. Type R66B, six-pair, six-position, quick-connect terminal block. Each block shall contain 12 rows with six clips each.

Type RJ11 jack.

Where fiber optic cable is installed in the HART cabinet, the following shall be provided:

- 1. Fiber Optic Ethernet switch (as identified in the Plans and specified in Voice, Video and Data Distribution and Transmission Systems)
- 2. Fiber Optic Distribution Panel (as identified in the Plans and specified in Fiber Optic Distribution Panels)

Section 8-20.2 is supplemented with the following:

Flashing Beacons

Two 8-inch amber beacons with round visors shall be provided with each sign assembly. The signal display shall meet the requirements of Section 9-29.16. The flashing beacon control shall meet the requirements of Section 9-29.15. The beacons shall flash alternately. The flashing control shall be designed to be accessible from inside the cabinet.

Sign Lighting Luminaires

The sign lighting luminaires shall consist of standard sign lights in accordance with Standard Plan G-9 except for the shoulder mount sign, where the sign light shall be mounted on top. The Contractor shall include a top mount kit for the sign light for this location.

Model 334 Cabinet

Controller cabinet furnished shall meet the requirements specified in Chapter 6 of the Caltrans Traffic Signal Control Equipment Specifications (TSCES), January 1989, as currently amended except as modified by the following:

Cabinet Construction

- 1. Cabinets shall be fabricated of 0.125-inch sheet aluminum, 5052 alloy, with mill finish, in accordance with Section 9-29.13(7)D, Item number 1. Painted or anodized aluminum is not allowed.
- 2. A spring loaded construction core lock capable of accepting a Best 6-pin core shall be installed on all doors accessing WSDOT equipment. A 6-pin green construction core shall be installed in each core lock. Upon contract completion, two master keys for each cabinet shall be delivered to the Engineer.

Cabinet Ventilation and Heating

- 1. A 12 inch wide x 16 inch high x 1 inch thick disposable paper filter element shall be provided in lieu of a metal filter.
- 2. The cabinet shall be equipped with an electric strip heater with a rating of 100 watts and 120 VAC, and a ventilation fan meeting the requirements specified in Chapter 6 of Caltrans TSCES, 1989. The strip heater shall be shielded in a manner that prevents damage to nearby electrical cables.
- 3. The fan and strip heater shall be controlled by a high-low adjustable thermostat that can be set to ensure the cabinet interior temperature remains between 60°F and 125°F

Cabinet Accessories

The Contractor shall provide all cabinet accessories, including:

 Two shatterproof fluorescent interior cabinet lights with self-starting ballast shall be furnished, one fixture mounted on the rear rack near the top and

the second mounted at the top of the front rack. Door switches shall automatically turn on both lights when either door is opened.

- One controller unit shelf, which attaches to the front rails of the EIA rack, shall be provided in lieu of the two controller unit support angles. The shelf shall be fabricated from aluminum and shall be installed such that it does not interfere with access to any terminal block. The shelf shall contain a roll-out flip-top drawer for storage of wiring diagrams and manuals.
- 3. Each Model 334 cabinet shall be equipped with a fully operable Type 170E controller equipped as specified in these Special Provisions.
- 4. A transient voltage protection device shall be provided, which plugs into the controller unit receptacle and in turn accepts the controller plug and meets the electrical requirements of Section 9-29.13(7)B(3)e.
- 5. The cabinet shall be equipped with a power distribution panel mounted in a standard EIA 19-inch (ANSI/EIA RS-310-C) rack utilizing no more than five rack-mounting spaces (8.75 inches). The following devices shall be provided with the power distribution panel:
 - a. Duplex 120 VAC power receptacle.
 - b. Main circuit breaker, 120 VAC, 20 amp.
 - c. Four load circuit breakers, 120 VAC, 15 amp.
 - d. Neutral bus
 - e. Ground Bus
 - f. Surge suppresser and filter unit 120 VAC, 50 amp.

The ground bus, neutral bus, and surge suppresser and filter unit shall be mounted on the right rear cabinet panel. All other power distribution panel components shall be mounted in or on the panel such that they are readily accessible, provide dead front safety, and all hazardous voltage points are covered to prevent inadvertent contact.

- 6. Each Cabinet shall be furnished with a mounting panel. The mounting panel shall be fabricated from aluminum and shall be 19 inches wide by 10.5 inches tall.
- 7. The mounting panel shall be equipped with one HAR sign control switch with labels and functions as follows:

AUTOMATIC

Flashing Beacons shall energize upon ground true call from controller.

SIGN OFF

Flashing Beacons shall de-energize.

SIGN ON

Flashing Beacons shall energize.

- 8. The sign relay shall be plugged into a socket installed on the rear of the mounting panel. The relay shall be wired as shown in the Plans. The relay coil shall draw (or sink) less than 50 milliamperes from the 170E controller and have a DPDT contact rating not less than 10 amperes. A 1N4004 diode shall be placed across the relay coil to suppress voltage spikes.
- 9. The Contractor shall install the C1 connector according to the pin assignments shown in the Plans.
- 10. One reproducible drafting film and two non-fading copies of the cabinet wiring diagram shall be furnished with each cabinet.
- 11. Each HAR sign cabinet shall be supplied with one Model 204 sign flasher unit mounted on the right rear side panel.

Cabinet Wiring

- Cabinet wiring shall conform to the details and diagrams in the Plans. The Contractor shall trim wiring to eliminate all slack and lace or bind together with nylon wraps or equal. All terminals shall be labeled. The cabinet shall be wired completely so that the only requirement to make a field location completely operational is to connect field, power and ground wires to appropriate terminals.
- 2. Terminal block TB1 shall be installed in the cabinet.

Terminals for field wiring shall be labeled, numbered and connected in accordance with the following:

Terminal Block Pos	Terminal and Wire Numbers	Connection Identification
TBS	501-502	AC Power, Neutral
TB1-1	644	Flasher Output NC
TB1-2	645	Flasher Output NO
TB1-3		Future Neutral

Model 170E Controller

Each HAR sign controller unit furnished shall meet the requirements specified in Chapter 2 of the Caltrans Transportation Electrical Equipment Specification (TEES), August 2002, as currently amended and modified as follows:

- 1. The 170E CPU module shall operate a 68HC11F1 MPU at a crystal frequency of 8MHz. The MPU shall be socket mounted in a PLCC socket.
- 2. The EPROM shall be resident on the CPU module. The EPROM socket shall be a 32-pin lever-controlled ZIF device. The EPROM shall be either a 32K x 8 or a 128K x 8 device. The device size shall be jumper selectable.

Feature and Location switches shall be provided on the front portion of the 1 2 CPU module. Each switch shall be an 8-position front-reading dip switch. The 3 switches shall be addressed as follows: 4 5 Location Switch at 7000 (Port A) 6 Feature Switch at 700A (Port E) 7 8 There shall be one LED indicator located on the front of the CPU module. This 9 LED shall be connected to bit 3 of Port G. 10 11 The 170E controller shall have a minimum of 28 kB of battery backed static RAM on the CPU module. RAM shall be continuous from location 0000 to 12 13 6FFF. 14 Four Asynchronous Communication Interface Adapters (ACIAs) shall be 15 16 provided on the same board as the CPU. The ACIAs shall be 6850 ICs 17 operating at a crystal frequency of 6.144MHz. Each ACIA shall have 5 programmable jumpers to select 5 communication baud rates (1200, 2400, 18 19 4800, 9600, 19200) for a total of 20 jumpers. All ACIAs shall be active. An 20 IRQ status register shall be provided at 75FF. 21 22 The Model 412C PROM module shall not be provided. A blank panel shall cover the PROM slot. 23 24 25 8. Two blank 27256 EPROM chips shall be provided with the CPU module. 26 27 8-20.2.OPT13(B)1.ITS.DT1 28 (NWR ITS February 11, 2002) 10. Each 170E controller shall include a Model 400 modem. 29 30 31 8-20.2.OPT13(B)2.ITS.DT1 32 (NWR ITS February 11, 2002) 10. Each 170E controller shall include a drop/insert data modem. 33 34 8-20.2.OPT13(B)3.ITS.DT1 35 (NWR ITS February 23, 2009) 36 37 10. Each 170E controller shall include an unmanaged ethernet switch and a 38 cabinet device server. 39 40 8-20.2.OPT14.ITS.DT1 41 Communication Conduit System 42 43 8-20.2.OPT14(A).ITS.docx 44 45 4 inch PVC Schedule 40 and Schedule 80 Conduit With Innerduct 46 Conduit shall be supplied as a system from a single manufacturer providing all of the steel and PVC conduit; all required fittings, terminations, and other installation 47 48 accessories; all in accordance with the Plans, the Standard Specifications and

these Special Provisions. The conduit shall be free from defects, including non-circularity, foreign inclusions, etc. It shall be uniform in color, density, and physical

properties. It shall be straight and the ends shall be cut square to the inside

diameter. All conduit shall display the Underwriters Laboratory certification (UL

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1 2 3	Listed). All conduit shall continue to meet the requirements of Section 9-29.1 unless specified otherwise herein.
4	8-20.2.OPT14(B).ITS.DT1
5	(NWR ITS January 30, 2003)
6	Flexible bends shall be supplied in the minimum lengths necessary to meet field
7	requirements.
8	1040110111011
9	8-20.2.OPT14(C).ITS.DT1
10	(NWR ITS March 22, 2004)
11	Location Wire and Warning Tape
12	Warning Tape
13	Warning tape shall be polyethylene. The polyethylene shall have a minimum 4
14	mil thickness and be 3 inch wide. The polyethylene shall be orange in color
15	and printed in black with the words "Fiber Optic Cable Buried Below."
16	
17	Location Wire
18	Location wire shall be #14 AWG THWN or XHHW orange-colored wire.
19	
20	8-20.2.OPT14(D).ITS.DT1
21	(NWR ITS March 22, 2004)
22	Cable Vaults and Pull Boxes
23	Cable vaults and pull boxes shall meet AASHTO M-199, H-20 or H-35 loading
24	requirements. Cable vaults and pull boxes installed in paved shoulders or lanes
25	that will be subjected to vehicular traffic during any phase of this contract or as
26	specified in the Plans shall meet H-35 loading requirements. Cable vaults and pull
27	boxes shall be fabricated in accordance with ASTM C857-83 and C858-83. All
28	cable vaults and pull boxes shall include the following provisions:
29 30	1 A sump 6 inches in diameter by 0 inches in death with a 1 inch diameter
31	 A sump 6 inches in diameter by 2 inches in depth with a 1-inch diameter drain hole in the center of the sump.
32	drain note in the center of the sump.
33	2. Cable pulling irons positioned to afford bi-directional cable installation
34	through the cable vault or pull box.
35	through the cable valit of pull box.
36	3. Factory installed knock-outs for conduit entry.
37	3. I dotory inclained fatook odlo for conduit officy.
38	4. All cable racking hardware shall be stainless steel.

All cable racking hardware shall be stainless steel.

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Cable vaults meeting H-20 requirements shall have a hinged and springassisted double steel plate cover. Cable vaults and pull boxes meeting H-35 requirements shall have round cast iron lids. Pull boxes meeting H-20 requirements shall have a hinged, single plate cover. All cable vault and pull box covers shall be marked with ITS legend according to Standard Plan J-11a.

Above ground pull boxes shall be a minimum 16 inches wide, 16 inches high and 8 inches deep, unless otherwise specified in the Plans. Above-ground boxes shall be fabricated in accordance with NEMA 4X designation for stainless steel enclosures. Pull boxes shall be equipped with a removable front panel for access to all conduits. The front panel shall be hinged and the entire pull box shall be fabricated from stainless steel.

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Communication Cables And Interfaces

8-20.2.OPT18(A).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 16, 2006)

Fiber Optic Distribution Panels

The fiber optic distribution panel shall be rated by the manufacturer as a fiber optic distribution panel. The distribution panel shall be designed to hold, at a minimum. the specified number of interconnection sleeves and splice trays. The splice trays and the fiber optic interconnection sleeves shall be fully enclosed on all sides by the distribution panel when the distribution panel is closed.

Each distribution panel shall be fully populated with interconnection sleeves. Interconnection sleeves shall contain zirconium (ceramic) linings (phosphorus bronze is not allowed). All unutilized interconnection sleeves shall have protective dust covers installed.

The distribution panels shall be EIA 19-inch (ANSI/EIA RS-310-C) rack-mountable. unless otherwise noted.

Mounting plates for interconnection sleeves shall be constructed of metal. Adequate spacing shall be provided around each interconnection sleeve. Where interconnection sleeves are arranged in a vertical line, the minimum horizontal center-to-center spacing shall be 1.25 inches (31mm), and the minimum vertical center-to-center spacing shall be 0.625 inches (16mm). Where interconnection sleeves are arranged in a staggered layout, the minimum center-to-center radial distance between sleeves shall be 0.875 inches (22mm).

A wiring diagram shall be supplied with each distribution panel. The wiring diagram shall identify each fiber terminated in the distribution panel using the fiber optic cable labeling method as specified later in these provisions. The wiring diagram shall be placed in a plastic sheet protector next to the distribution panel.

8-20.2.OPT18(B).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 16, 2006)

Wall Mounted Fiber Optic Distribution Panel

The fiber optic distribution panel shall be designed to hold a minimum of 6 FC fiber optic interconnection sleeves and splice trays with 12-splice capacity. distribution panel shall allow for full access to the splice trays and both sides of the fiber optic interconnection sleeves from the front of the distribution panel. The distribution panel shall not exceed 6 inches width, 7.5 inches in height and 2 inches in depth (not 19-inch rack-mountable).

8-20.2.OPT18(C).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 16, 2006)

Small Cabinet Fiber Optic Distribution Panel

The fiber optic distribution panel shall be designed to hold a minimum of 12 FC fiber optic interconnection sleeves and splice trays with 12-splice capacity. The distribution panel shall allow for full access to the splice trays and both sides of the fiber optic interconnection sleeves from the front of the distribution panel. The distribution panel shall not exceed 1 RMU (1.75 inches) in height.

8-20.2.OPT18(D).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 16, 2006)

Cabinet Fiber Optic Distribution Panel

The fiber optic distribution panel shall be designed to hold a minimum of 36 FC fiber optic interconnection sleeves and splice travs with 48-splice capacity. The distribution panel shall allow for full access to the splice trays and both sides of the fiber optic interconnection sleeves from the front of the distribution panel. The distribution panel shall not exceed 3 RMU (5.25 inches) in height.

8-20.2.OPT18(E).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 16, 2006)

Large Cabinet Fiber Optic Distribution Panel

The fiber optic distribution panel shall be designed to hold minimum of 48 FC fiber optic interconnection sleeves and splice trays with 72-splice capacity. distribution panel shall allow for full access to the splice trays and both sides of the fiber optic interconnection sleeves from the front of the distribution panel. The distribution panel shall not exceed 4 RMU (7 inches) in height.

8-20.2.OPT18(F).ITS.docx

(*****)

Preterminated Patch Panel

A wiring diagram shall be supplied with each patch panel. The wiring diagram shall identify each fiber terminated in the distribution panel using the fiber optic cable labeling method as specified later in these provisions. The wiring diagram shall be placed in a plastic sheet protector next to the distribution panel.

31

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The Contractor shall provide, install and connect preterminated patch panels as shown in the Plans. The panels shall be manufactured by ADC Telecommunications, Inc. Outside plant cable meeting ITU G652.D and G694.2 shall be utilized for the stubs on all preterminated patch panels and the Contractor shall confirm with the manufacturer that the length of each stub is sufficient for the needs at each location. All openings in the patch panels shall be plugged by the manufacturer. Connections shall be LC\UPC type and shall be terminated by the manufacturer.

35 36

Equipment Model Numbers (for use in cabinets): 1.

37 38

Description	Part Numbers (Both parts are required)
12-Port Preterminated Patch Panel	ADC12LCUXXXMCD00, and FL2-ACC0071
24-Port Preterminated Patch Panel	ADC24LCUXXXMCD00, and FL2-ACC0072
48-Port Preterminated Patch Panel	FL2-T2804JXXX-CD00, and FL2-ACC0072
72-Port Preterminated Patch Panel	ADC72LCUXXXMCC00, and FL2-ACC0073
96-Port Preterminated Patch Panel	ADC96LCUXXXMCC00, and FL2-ACC0074

39 40

Equipment Model Numbers (For concrete or underground Hubs):

Description	Part Numbers (Both parts are required)
48-Port Preterminated Patch Panel	FL2-T2804JXXX-DB00, and FL2-ACC0072
72-Port Preterminated Patch Panel	ADC72LCUXXXMDU00, and FL2-ACC0073
96-Port Preterminated Patch Panel	ADC96LCUXXXMDU00, and FL2-ACC0074

The stub length for each panel (XXX in the part number, in meters) shall be determined by the Contractor for each location and shall include 50 feet of slack in the cable vault.

2. Manufacturer Information:

ADC Telecommunications, Inc. P.O. Box 1101 Minneapolis, MN 55440-1101.

Telephone: (800) 366-3891

8-20.2.OPT18(G).ITS.docx

Note:

Fiber Optic Connector

 Unless otherwise noted in the Plans, all fiber optic connectors used on this project shall meet the following:

All shall be LC/UPC (55dB) in accordance with Telcordia 6R-326 All shall be factory-connectorized

8-20.2.OPT18(H).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 11, 2002) Fiber Optic Cable Lubricant

Fiber optic cable lubricant shall be as follows:

Compatible with the cable jacket

Non-combustible

Water-based leaving little or no residue

8-20.2.OPT18(I).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 11, 2002)

Fiber Optic Splice Closure

All fiber optic splice closures shall be re-enterable and reusable and be designed for use on fiber optic cables in an underground, submerged environment. All splice closures shall be rated for 1310 and 1550 nanometer wavelengths. Splice closures shall contain a valve to allow pressurization of the housing.

8-20.2.OPT18(J).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 18, 2004)

Copper Cable Protector Block

Copper cable protector blocks shall have the following:

1. A combination connection/protector stubless, with bifurcated quick-clip terminals block for the protection and termination of an OSP cable.

- Twenty-five solid state type protector units, with gold pins, for the low voltage heat coil.
- 3. The Contractor shall provide the termination block one type R66B 25-pair stubless bifurcated quick clip terminal for each TWP cable and one for every three 6 TWP cables. One more shall be mounted on a backboard in the cabinet.
 - a. Each block shall contain 50 rows with six clips each.
 - b. Each row shall be clearly and permanently marked with the number of the cable pair which is attached.
 - c. Within each row the clips shall be electrically connected within the block so as to form two sets of three adjacent clips.

Copper Cable Termination Blocks

Copper cable termination block units shall have 25-pair bifurcated quick clip termination blocks.

8-20.2.OPT18(K).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS September 26, 2005)

Terminal Cabinets

Terminal cabinets furnished for this contract shall be pad mounted and fabricated in accordance with Section 9-29.25 except:

- 1. Cabinets shall be fabricated of 0.125" sheet aluminum, 5052 alloy, with mill finish, in accordance with Section 9-29.13(7)D, Item number 1. Painted or anodized aluminum is not allowed.
- 2. Cabinet doors shall be two-hinged with neoprene gasket and provided with a three-point latch and two-position stop assembly with spring loaded construction core lock capable of accepting a Best Lock Company 6-pin CX series core. The Contractor shall supply green construction cores with two master keys and one core removal key per lock. The Contractor shall deliver the keys to the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor shall provide the termination block one type R66B 25-pair stubless bifurcated quick clip terminal for each TWP cable and one for every three 6 TWP cables. One more quick clip terminal shall be installed on a backboard in the cabinet.

8-20.2.OPT18(L).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 16, 2006)

Fiber Optic Terminal Cabinets

Fiber optic terminal cabinets furnished for this contract shall be pad mounted and have the same external physical dimensions and appearance as Model 334 cabinets. Fiber optic terminal cabinets shall be fabricated in accordance with Section 9-29.25 except:

1. Cabinets shall be fabricated of 0.125" sheet aluminum, 5052 alloy, with mill finish, in accordance with Section 9-29.13(7)D, Item number 1. Painted or anodized aluminum is not allowed.

- 2. Cabinet doors shall have a three-point latch and two-position stop assembly with spring loaded construction core lock capable of accepting a Best Lock Company 6-pin CX series core. The Contractor shall supply green construction cores. Upon substantial completion, the Contractor shall deliver two master keys and one core removal key to the Engineer.
- The cabinet shall be equipped with an electric strip heater with a rating of 100 watts and 120 VAC and a ventilation fan meeting the requirements specified in Chapter 12 of FHWA IP-78-16.

The fan and strip heater shall be controlled by a high-low adjustable thermostat that can be set to ensure the cabinet interior temperature remains between 60 °F and 125 °F. The heater strip shall be shielded.

- 4. Two shatterproof fluorescent interior cabinet lights with self-starting ballast shall be furnished, one fixture mounted on the rear rack near the top and the second mounted at the top of the front rack. Door switches shall automatically turn on both lights when either door is opened.
- 5. The cabinet shall be equipped with a power distribution panel mounted on a standard EIA 19-inch (ANSI/EIA RS-310-C) rack utilizing no more than five RMU (8.75 inches). The following devices shall be provided with the power distribution panel:
 - a. Duplex 120 VAC power receptacle.
 - b. Main circuit breaker, 120 VAC, 50 amp.
 - c. Four load circuit breakers, 120 VAC, 15 amp.
 - d. Neutral bus.
 - f. Ground bus.
 - g. Surge suppresser and filter unit, 120 VAC, 50 amp.

Power distribution panel components shall be mounted in or on the panel such that they are readily accessible, provide dead front safety, and all hazardous voltage points are covered to prevent inadvertent contact.

- One controller unit shelf, which attaches to the front of rails of the EIA rack, shall be provided. The shelf shall be fabricated from aluminum and shall contain a roll-out flip-top drawer for storage of wiring diagrams and manuals.
- 7. The Contractor shall provide and install a rack-mounted, preterminated, fiber optic patch panel as identified in the Plans.

1 2 8-20.2.OPT19.ITS.DT1 3 Video, Voice, & Data Distribution And Transmission Systems 4 5 8-20.2.OPT19(A).ITS.DT1 6 (NWR ITS February 11, 2002) 7 If any equipment specified in this section has been superseded by a newer product that 8 is interchangeable, the newer product shall be supplied. If the product is no longer 9 available and has no replacement, the Contractor shall propose a different product 10 meeting the same performance and material specifications as the discontinued one. 11 12 8-20.2.OPT19(B).ITS.docx (*****) 13 Video, Voice, & Data Distribution And Transmission System Cabling 14 15 The Contractor shall provide and install all required equipment interconnection cabling to include T1 cables, data cables, RG-59/U video coaxial cables, power 16 17 cables, ancillary cables, and connectors as recommended by the equipment vendor 18 at the cabinet locations and at the TMC. Conductors shall be of all copper 19 construction. 20 21 The Contractor shall provide and install fiber optic patch cords between the fiber 22 optic preterminated patch panels and the equipment specified herein where fiber 23 optic cable is utilized as the transmission medium. 24 25 8-20.2.OPT19(C).ITS.DT1 (NWR ITS February 23, 2009) 26 27 **Video, Voice & Data Distribution Equipment** 28 Video, voice, and data distribution equipment shall be manufactured by Optelecom, 29 Inc. 30 31 1. Equipment Model Numbers: 32 33 Digital Video Transmitter (stand-alone) 9225DT/SM-FC 34 Digital Video Receiver 9221DR/SM-FC 35 Drop/Insert Data Modem 9522A-LD-FC Network Interface Card 36 9942A 37 Network Interface Software 9900-NMS 38 **Hub Chassis** 9002 39 **Cabinet Chassis** 9003-2

2. Manufacturer Information:

Optelecom Inc.

40

41

42

43 44

45 46

47

48

49 50 12920 Cloverleaf Center Dr. Germantown, MD 20874 Telephone: (301) 444-2200

Power Supply (for Hub Chassis)

AC/DC Adapter (for 9225DT)

AC/DC Adapter (for Cabinet Chassis)

9030B

9010PS

9014PS

1 2		VR IT	S February 23, 2009)						
3		S Mo							
4 5 6	Each VMS cabinet connected to the ITS system on twisted pair wire shall be equipped with a modem designed for copper communications. The modems for each VMS shall be manufactured by GDI Communications LLC.								
7 8	Equipment Model Numbers:								
9									
10			Stand-alone 9600 bps modem	496SA					
11			Rack-mounted 9600 bps modem	496					
12									
13	2.	Mar	ufacturer Information:						
14									
15			GDI Communications LLC						
16			280 Interstate 80 West Exit 1						
17			PO Box 1330						
18			Verdi, NV 89439 USA						
19			Telephone: (775) 345-8000						
20			Fax: (775) 345-8010						
21			Support@sgdi.net						
22			Supporte Systimot						
23	8-20.2.OPT1		ITS.docx						
24	(***	,							
25			t Communication Equipment						
26			communication equipment shall be m						
27	and	linst	alled in each cabinet and Communica	tion Hub as shown in the Plans.					
28	Equ	uipme	nt shall include a power cord.						
29									
30		1.	Equipment Model Numbers						
31									
32			8-port Ethernet Switch	RS900-HI-D-L2-L2-00					
33			9-port Ethernet Switch	RS900-HI-D-L2-L2-L2					
34			Ethernet Switch with Device Server	RS910-HI-D-S1-FX06-TX					
35			Cabinet Device Server	RMC30-HI					
36			Power Cord	43-10-0008					
37				10 10 0000					
38		2.	Manufacturer						
39		۷.	Mariaracturer						
40			RuggedCom, Inc.						
			30 Whitmore Rd						
41									
42			Woodbridge, Ontario, Canada L4L 7Z4						
43			Tel: (905) 856-5288 Fax: (905) 856-199	95					
44			Toll Free: (888) 264-0006						
45			www.ruggedcom.com						
46	 -	- (1) 11							
47	8-20.2.OPT1		IS.docx						
48	(***	,							
49			ansmission System Equipment						
50			ansmission system equipment shall be	manufactured by Communication					
51	Spe	ecialti	es, Inc.						
52									

1			1.	Equipment	Model Number	S:		
2				10 aba	anal digital vid	oo tronomitt	tor	Dura Digital Eibarlink
3 4				TO-CHa	nnei digitai vidi	eo transmiti	lei	Pure Digital Fiberlink 3134-F9-NA
5				10-cha	nnel digital vid	eo receiver		Pure Digital Fiberlink
6				10 0114	inioi aighai via	00 10001101		3135-F9-NA
7								
8			2.	Manufactur	er Information:			
9								
10					unication Spec	ialties, Inc.		
11					ot Court			
12					auge, NY 1178			
13					one: (631) 273	-0404		
14					31) 273-1638	m		
15 16					ommspecial.co ommspecial.co			
17				11110@00	Jililispeciai.co	<u> </u>		
18	8-20.2.C	PT1	9(,1)	ITS DT1				
19	0 -0:-:0			ΓS October	21, 2003)			
20		•			nsmissión Sy	stem Equip	ome	nt
21		Vid	eo a	and data tr	ansmission s	ystem equ	iipm	ent shall be manufactured by
22		Cor	nmu	nication Spe	cialties, Inc.			
23			_					
24		1.	Equ	uipment Mod	el Numbers:			
25				10 abannal	dicital video tu	itte #	D	re Digital Fiberlink 2222 F.O.
26 27					digital video tra			re Digital Fiberlink 3332-F-9 re Digital Fiberlink 3333-F-9
28				10-channer	digital video re	ceivei	гu	re Digital Fiberiink 3333-F-9
29		2.	Ma	nufacturer In	formation:			
30			ivia		iorriatiorr.			
31				Communica	ation Specialtie	s, Inc.		
32				55 Cabot C				
33				Hauppauge				
34					(631) 273-040	4		
35				Fax: (631) 2				
36					special.com			
37 38				inio@comin	nspecial.com			
39	8-20.2 (DT1	Q(K)	.ITS.DT1				
40	0-20.2.0			ΓS Septemb	er 26. 2005)			
41				2 Combiner				
42		The	Co	ntractor shall	provide and in	nstall the E	IA-4	22, 4-wire combiner as shown in
43		the	Plai	ns. The cor	nbiner shall be	e manufact	urec	by Vicon, Inc. The Contractor
44								to the Video/data receivers. The
45		con	nbine	er shall have	one master po	rt and 10 or	utpu	t ports:
46			_					
47		1.	Equ	uipment Mod	el Numbers:			
48 40				Combiner	Model \/1400\	IDI Intallia	ont	Distribution Line Control
49 50				Combiner: I	VIOUEI V 1400X	-וטב ווונפוווק	eni	Distribution Line Control
51		2.	Ma	nufacturer In	formation:			
52			·via					

1	Vicon Industries, Inc.
2	89 Arkay Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788
4 5 6 7	Telephone: (800) 645-9116 or (631) 952-2288 www.vicon-cctv.com
8	
9	8-20.2.OPT19(L).ITS.DT1
10	(NWR ITS October 23, 2006)
11	EIA –232 Data Broadcast Unit
12	
	The Contractor shall provide and install a rack-mounted EIA-232 data broadcast
13	unit. The data broadcast unit shall be manufactured by Black Box, Inc. The
14	broadcast unit shall have one master port and 8 output ports:
15	
16	Equipment Model Numbers:
17	
18	8-Line Broadcast data broadcast unit TL158A-R4
19	Rack-mount bracket TL486
20	
21	2. Manufacturer:
22	
23	Black Box, Inc.
24	1000 Park Dr
25	Lawrence, PA 15055-1018
26	Telephone: (877) 877-2269
27	www.blackbox.com
28	e-mail: info@blackbox.com
29	0.00.0 ODT10/M) ITO DT1
30	8-20.2.OPT19(M).ITS.DT1
31	(NWR ITS February 23, 2009)
32	Rack-mounted Color Monitor
33	The monitor shall be a color video monitor with a 13" or 14" diagonal picture LCD.
34	The monitor shall support EIA NTSC standard color composite video signals (1.0 V
35	p-p, 75 Ohm) and have a resolution of at least 400 horizontal lines. The monitor
36	shall include a minimum of two video input ports; one shall be BNC-type for
37	composite video and one shall be 4-pin (Y/C) type for S-Video. The video output
38	port shall be BNC-type for composite video. The monitor shall include a rear panel
39	slide switch that enables video termination of Hi-Z or 75 ohm.
40	
41	The monitor's power source shall be 120 VAC +/- 10%, 60Hz.
42	1110 1110 1110 10 poster dodino di ali do 120 1710 17 1070, con 121
43	The monitor dimensions shall not exceed 14"(H) by 18"(D). The monitor shall have
44	a metal casing and be factory-equipped with rack-mounting hardware (EIA 19").
45	The monitor weight shall not exceed 40 lb.
	THE MOTHER WEIGHT SHAIL HOL EXCEED 40 ID.
46 47	The Contractor shall supply one DNC accord notes and (DC EQLI) of sufficient
47 40	The Contractor shall supply one BNC coaxial patch cord (RG-59U) of sufficient
48	length to connect the monitor to all video sources mounted in the rack.
49	TI '1 I II C 11 C 11 C 11 C
50	The monitor shall be manufactured by Sony, JVC, or Philips
51	

8-20.2.OPT19(N).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 23, 2009) SONET Network Element

The Contractor shall install and connect SONET network elements as shown in the Plans to provide voice and data communications over fiber optic cable. The network elements shall provide OC-48 service. The network element shall be capable of providing local interface for Gigabit Ethernet, 10/100 Ethernet and T-1 services. The SONET network elements shall be manufactured by Cisco Systems, Inc.

1. Equipment Model Numbers:

Description	Part Number	Qty
15454 ATO (Assemble to Order)	CISCO15454	1
15454 Network Element shelf with ship kit	15454-SA-HD	1
15454 Shelf Fan Tray Assembly, HPCFM,	15454-FTA3-T	1
I-Temp		
Alarm Interface Controller Card, I-Temp	15454-AIC-I	1
Electrical Interface Panel (A-side)	15454-EIA-	1
	1AMPA84	
Timing, Communications, and Control v2-plus Card, I-Temp, SONET	15454-TCC2P-K9=	2
System Software, Pre-loaded on TCC	SF15454-	2
(Current Release)	R(Cur.Rel.)K9	
Cross-connect Card, 1152 STS, 672 VT	15454-XC-VXC-10G	2
Cable Assembly, AMP/champ to wire-wrap	15454-AMP-WW-	1
(15 ft).	15=	
DS1 Card, I-Temp	15454-DS1-14	1
DS1:N Protection Card, I-Temp	15454-DS1N-14	1
12-port 10/100BaseT Ethernet Card	15454-ML100T-12	1
Gigabit Ethernet Card with 2 GBIC Slots	15454-ML1000-2	1
GBIC - 1000Base-SX, MM, SC connectors	ONS-SC-GE-SX=	2
Long Range OC-48 Card, 1550, 1 Ckt., SC connectors	15454-MRC-2.5G4	2
SFP - OC48, LR, 1550, I-Temp	ONS-SI-2G-L2	4
Empty slot Filler Panel	15454-BLANK	6
Feature Pkg. CD, Right to Use License, 15454 (Current Release)	15454- R(Cur.Rel.)SWK9	1
System Documentation, English, CD	15454-	1
(Current Release)	DOC(Cur.Rel.)CD	

2. Manufacturer Information:

Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134 Telephone: (408) 526-4000

www.cisco.com

Local Contact:

1 2	Mr. Fred Fox Optical Products Specialist
3 4	500 108th N.E. Suite 500 Bellevue, WA 98004
5 6 7 8 9	8-20.2.OPT19(O).ITS.DT1 (NWR ITS September 26, 2005) Fuse Panel The Contractor shall provide, install and connect a fuse panel as shown in the Plans. The fuse panel shall be manufactured by Comm/net Systems, Inc.
11 12	Equipment Model Numbers:
13 14 15 16	KTK Fuse/Alarm Panel 016-105-10 KTK Fuse, 10 Amp KTK-10 KTK Fuse, 30 Amp. KTK-30
17 18 19	2. Manufacturer Information:
20 21 22 23 24	Communications Network (Comm/net) Systems, Inc. 4237 24th Ave. W. Seattle, WA 98199 Telephone: (206) 282-8670
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	8-20.2.OPT19(P).ITS.DT1 (NWR ITS September 26, 2005) Cross-Connect Panel The Contractor shall provide and install digital cross-connect panels as shown in the Plans. The Cross-connect panels shall be used to connect and terminate DSX circuits from the SONET equipment. The cross-connect panels shall be manufactured by ADC Telecommunications, Inc.
33 34	1. Equipment Model Numbers:
35 36 37	DSX1 Shelf, 19" PX1-B00004 DSX1 Octapak housing PIX-1C-OCT DSX1 Circuit Card PIX-1C
38 39 40	2. Manufacturer Information:
41 42 43 44 45 46	ADC Telecommunications, Inc. 4900 West 78th Street Minneapolis, MN 55435 Telephone: (800) 366-3891 www.adc.com
46 47 48	8-20.2.OPT19(Q).ITS.docx (******)
49 50 51 52	Video Encoder/Decoder The Contractor shall provide and install video encoding equipment at locations shown in the Plans and video decoding equipment in Dayton Avenue Traffic Management Center (TMC).

4					
1 2		1. Equipment Model Numbers:			
3		• •			
4 5		1-port video encoder	(standalone)	Axis Q7401	
6 7		1-port video decoder	(standalone)	Axis P7701	
8 9		4-port video encoder	(standalone)	Axis Q7404	
10 11		6-port video encoder	(blade)	Axis Q7406	
12 13		Server chassis (1 RM	U)	Axis 291	
14 15		2. Manufacturer Information:			
16		Axis Communications	Inc.		
17		100 Apollo Drive			
18		Chelmsford, MA 0182			
19		Telephone: 978 614 2	000		
20		www.axis.com			
21 22	8-20.2.OPT	AG ITO DT1			
23		ITS February 23, 2009)			
23 24			niversal Englace	ro (CUE)	
2 4 25	Communication Hub / Concrete Universal Enclosure (CUE) The concrete universal enclosure shall be supplied by Emerson Network Power.				
26	THE COI	iciele universal enclosure sitali k	e supplied by Little	Soft Network Fower.	
27	1.	Equipment Model Numbers:			
28	• • •	Equipment Meder Nambers.			
29		Concrete Universal Enclos	sure CUE-610 (F	2007097)	
30			•	,	
31	2.	Manufacturer Information:			
32					
33		Emerson Network Po	<i>w</i> er		
34		ATTN: Mr. Scott Hein			
35		4350 Weaver Parkwa			
36 37		Warrenville, IL 60555			
37 38		Telephone: (630) 579- http://www.emersonne		poravevetome/	
39		nttp://www.emersonne	;tworkpower.com/er	leigysystems/	
40	Ge	neral			
41		e enclosure shall function as an	unattended facility v	vith a controlled-environment	
42		table for the installation of the			
43	and maintenance by operating personnel. Appropriate electrical, mechanical, and				
44		vironmental systems shall be	provided to supp	ort the specific equipment	
45	ins	tallation.			
46	_	ala a Barata			
47		closure Description	ational and	alanima distancial (1.6 %)	
48 40		e enclosure shall be a manufa			

underground installation. The structure shall be manufactured of 5000PSI steel-

reinforced pre-cast concrete with a heavy gauge metal door and cable rearrangement

49

50

51 52 facility (CRF).

 Personnel access shall be through an entrance door that shall be the only access to the enclosure interior. A vertical ladder shall be provided within the entranceway. The entry size shall be nominally 56.5 inches high x 28 inches wide and provide a clear entry area for system equipment components that are field installed. The entrance shall include a heavy-duty locking mechanism controlled by a keyed cylinder lock set for security.

The lock mechanism shall be a Best Lock Company 7-pin CX series, manually operable from within (to avoid entrapment) and key operable from the exterior. The exterior lock cylinder shall be installed in a manner to provide for protection from the weather. The Contractor shall supply green construction cores. Upon substantial completion, the Contractor shall deliver two master keys and one core removal key to the Engineer. The entry door shall be equipped with a wind latch to avoid accidental closure.

Any water leakage into the enclosure could disrupt the system equipment operation. Therefore, the enclosure design shall minimize any leakage potential, and as an added measure, provide for containment of water in a below-floor sump area. Water containment capacity and monitoring shall be sufficient to provide adequate warning (under normal circumstances) to permit the dispatch of personnel to investigate any problem.

Cable entry and/or exit are to be provided as four (4), 4-inch diameter openings into the cable rearrangement facility (CRF) cabinet at the rear of the enclosure. No outside plant cable shall be brought into the enclosure. No metallic conduit connections to field conduits shall be permitted. Power shall be supplied to the enclosure via a 2.5-inch port in the power transfer switch cabinet located on the exterior of the enclosure.

An overhead cable ladder rack and a fiber management system shall be supplied with the enclosure.

The enclosure shall include a fold-up work table attached to the wall as shown in the plans. Nominal dimensions of the table shall be 3 feet wide by 2 feet deep.

The enclosure shall be complete with the necessary electrical and environmental equipment preinstalled to provide a safe, controlled environment suitable for personnel and the electronic system.

Enclosure Environmental System

An Environmental Control Panel (ECP) shall be provided to monitor all environmental conditions within the enclosure and shall control respective equipment to maintain or correct the condition(s) that exist. This panel shall also provide contacts for remote alarm indications.

The enclosure shall be equipped with dual 12000 BTU air conditioners to maintain proper temperature levels.

The enclosure environmental system shall be capable of maintaining a controlled environment including the maintenance of interior temperatures within a nominal range of between 40° F and 90° F.

An atmospheric monitor shall be provided with the ECP to continuously sample the air with the enclosure. The monitor functions and remote alarms are described in a following section of this specification.

An immediate visual indication of a safe or hazardous enclosure atmosphere shall be provided by green and red pilot lights visible through the open entrance door. Audible alarms shall supplement the visual indication during potentially hazardous conditions. Safe conditions shall be indicated with a continuous green light. Unsafe conditions shall be indicated with a continuous red light and audible alarm horn. In addition, an unsafe atmospheric condition shall activate the ventilation system to purge the enclosure chamber and initiate a remote alarm.

A sump pump shall be provided as part of the CUE. The pump shall be mounted in a sump pit to which water is channeled via a trough around the floor perimeter. The pump shall activate alarms upon activation of the float switch.

Enclosure Security/Monitor Alarms

Alarm indications shall be wired to an Alarm Terminal Block (ATB) so the existence of any alarm condition can be transmitted to a remote location. The alarm indications shall be given as a dry, normally open contact closure. No indication of remote (silent), dry contact alarms need be provided at the enclosure; however, hazardous alarm conditions shall provide audible or visual alarm indications at the enclosure when occupied for personnel safety. No audible alarm should be heard when the enclosure is unoccupied; however, the remote alarm shall continue to function. Upon opening the entry door, any pre-existing hazardous condition shall immediately trigger the local alarms.

The Contractor shall provide all necessary equipment and wiring to connect the above alarms to the Administrative, Operations, Maintenance facilities of the SONET system so as to provide a functioning alarm system from the Communication Hub to the TSMC at Dayton.

The following alarms shall be provided for:

Intrusion Alarm

A remote alarm indication shall be activated immediately upon opening the entrance door. Closing the entrance door shall restore the alarm switch to its normal position.

Water Detection Alarm

A water sensor located approximately 8 inches below floor level shall signal a remote alarm condition if water is present at the sensor. The sensor shall detect water film depth as little as 1/16 inch. This shall provide an early alarm for a cable duct leak or other water leakage that could damage the system equipment and the enclosure interior if the condition is not corrected.

Sump Pump Run Alarm

The ECP shall monitor the sump pump operation and provide a remote alarm indication if the pump is running.

High Water Alarm

A float switch shall monitor water level and initiate a final water alarm in the event of a rise in water level beyond the capability of the sump pump. This alarm point shall occur at least 4 inches below the floor level were equipment is installed.

Explosive Atmosphere Alarm

An alarm indication shall be activated by an unsafe condition reported by the Atmospheric Monitor explosive-gas sensing element. Explosive gas is defined as 10% or more lower explosive level (LEL) of Methane. Detection of explosive gas shall:

- (1) initiate a remote alarm,
- (2) give an immediate, steady red pilot light indication in the entrance way,
- (3) activate the fresh air blower,
- (4) sound a local alarm.

The remote alarm shall provide an immediate remote alarm indication, even though the fresh air blower may clear the explosive condition. Additionally, the local audible alarm and red pilot light shall be activated for immediate indication of a hazardous condition. It shall not be possible to silence the local audible alarm at the enclosure, and the red pilot light shall remain lighted until the condition clears. Once the Atmospheric Monitor reports a safe condition, these alarms and indications shall be automatically deactivated.

Toxic Atmosphere Alarm

An alarm indication shall be activated by an unsafe condition reported by the Atmospheric Monitor toxic gas sensing element. Toxic gas (100 parts/million Carbon Monoxide) detection shall:

- (1) initiate a remote alarm,
- (2) give an immediate, steady red pilot light indication in the entrance way,
- (3) activate the fresh air blower,
- (4) sound a local alarm.

The delayed remote alarm shall provide an opportunity for the fresh air blower to clear the toxic condition before reporting the condition remotely. Locally, however, the audible alarm and red pilot light shall be activated for immediate indication of a hazardous condition. It shall not be possible to silence the local audible alarm at the enclosure and the red pilot light shall remain lighted until the condition clears. Once the Atmospheric Monitor reports a safe condition, these alarms and indications shall be automatically deactivated.

Smoke Alarm

The atmospheric monitor shall incorporate a photoelectric smoke detector. Upon detection the system shall:

(1) initiate a remote alarm,

1	A041-7	System – Single Phase, 2 wire or 3 wire
2	R023-7	Voltage – 240 VAC
3	B002-7	Cabinet – Type 3 (outdoor)
4	C023-7	Control - Transfer Switch, Level 1
5	N020-7	Terminal Block – Retransfer Inhibit
6	G002-7	Transfer Switch Warranty – 1 year basic
7	CP01-7	Common parts listing
8	SPEC-A	Product revision – A
9	C024-7	Switch control – Level 2
10	M017	Security key – Front panel
11	M018	Display - Digital
12		

Generator Plug: Appleton Model ADR1034RS with AJA-100 Adaptor

Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)

A 3KVA rack-mounted UPS with extended battery packs shall be installed in the 23" UPS rack. The battery packs shall be installed midway in this rack followed by the UPS and External maintenance bypass switch.

The UPS shall be an Alpha Technologies Pinnacle 016-313-10 equipped with three (3) extended battery pack part numbers 016-315-10. The UPS system shall be connected to a dedicated power circuit hardwired from the hub circuit breaker panel. The output of the UPS system shall be hardwired to a wall-mount circuit breaker panel to provide UPS power to outlets mounted on the walls behind the equipment racks and next to the fold down table. Alarm contact outputs from the UPS alarm output terminations shall be wired using Category 3 cable to the appropriate terminal block location in the hub to be specified by the engineer.

A maintenance bypass switch (MBS) shall be provided and installed in the UPS rack directly above the UPS. The MBS shall allow a dedicated circuit from the hub circuit breaker panel to feed the utility bypass input of the MBS and from the MBS output to the UPS wall mount circuit breaker panel that feeds the outlets behind the equipment racks.

Equipment Model Numbers:

UPS: Alpha Technologies Pinnacle PIN 3000RM Extended Battery Pack: PBP36-0706U2R

DC Power System

A rack-mounted –48 volt DC power system shall be provided as part of the CUE. The DC power system shall operate separately from the UPS system and shall be used to power all –48VDC equipment.

The DC power system shall consist of a modular dual rectifier, low voltage disconnect module, control panel and battery pack capable of powering the Voice and Data Transmission equipment. The output of the rectifiers shall be adjustable by front panel control. A front panel mounted display shall be provided as part of the power supply.

A battery supply and mounting tray shall be provided. Batteries shall be mounted in the lower part of the rack with the rectifier system installed above.

ı	
2	Equipment Model Numbers:
3	Destifica Ocetoma Foreman VIMO 75
4	Rectifier System: Emerson VMS-75
5	With 2 ea VF15F50 Power conversion unit, 1 ea DC Distribution module
6 7	and 1 ea Meter-Control module
8	Battery Pack: 12AVR100-3ET (Includes Tray and Harness)
9	0.00.0(0.00.4) DT4
10	8-20.2(9-29.1).DT1
11 12	Conduit, Innerduct, and Outerduct
13	8-20.2(9-29.1).INST1.ESP.DT1
14	Section 9-29.1 is supplemented with the following:
15	9
16	8-20.2(9-29.1).OPT1.ESP.DT1
17	(NWR August 10, 2009)
18	Conduit Sealing
19	Mechanical plugs for cabinet conduit sealing shall be one of the following:
20	
21	Tyco Electronics - TDUX
22	2. Jackmoon – Triplex Duct Plugs
23	3. O-Z Gedney – Conduit Sealing Bushings
24	,
25	The mechanical plug shall withstand a minimum of 5 psi of pressure.
26	
27	8-20.2(9-29.1(2)).OPT2.ESP.DT1
28	(NWR March 4, 2009)
29	Surface Mounting Conduit Attachment Components
30	Channel supports and all fastening hardware components shall be Type 304
31	stainless steel. Conduit clamps shall be one piece, two bolt units with lock
32	washers.
33	0.00.0(0.00.0) DT1
34	8-20.2(9-29.2).DT1
35	
36	
37	
38	Junction Boxes, Cable Vaults and Pull Boxes
39	
40	8-20.2(9-29.2(4)).DT1
41	Cover Markings
42	0 00 0/0 00 0/4)\
43	8-20.2(9-29.2(4)).INST1.ESP.DT1
44	Section 9-29.2(4) is supplemented with the following:
45	0.00.0(0.00.0(4))
46	8-20.2(9-29.2(4)).OPT1.ESP.DT1
47	(NWR October 5, 2009)
48	Junction Box Identification
49	Junction boxes shall not be marked when the junction boxes are to be installed
50	as part of a future raceway system in a bridge structure, vehicle barrier,
51	pedestrian barrier, or roadway crossing and the future raceway system is not
52	connected to an illumination, signal, interconnect, or ITS raceway system.

1 2 3 4	8-20.2(9-29.3).ITS.D <i>Conductors, C</i> Section 9-29.3 is	
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Communic Quality All mai	April 10, 2006) ation Cables And Interfaces Assurance rerials described in this section shall meet or exceed the applicable ons of the following documents:
13 14	1.	CFR Title 7, Section 1755.900, RUS Specification for Filled Fiber Optic Cables
15 16 17	2.	ANSI, C8.47-1983, American National Standard for Polyolefin- insulated Thermoplastic Jacketed Communication Cables
18 19 20	3.	TIA/EIA-455-28-C, Method for Measuring Tensile Failure Point of Optical Waveguide Fibers
21 22	4.	TIA/EIA-455-34-A, Interconnection Device Insertion Loss Test
23 24 25	5.	TIA/EIA-455-95-A, Absolute Optical Power Test for Optical Fibers and Cables
26 27 28	6.	EIA-598-B, Color Standard for Optical Fibers
29	8-20.2(9-29.3(1).ITS.	
30 31	Fiber Optic Section 9-29	Cable 9.3(1) is supplemented with the following:
32 33 34	8-20.2(9-29.3(1).OP7	T1.ITS.docx
35 36 37 38 39 40 41	The Co cable 1755.9 Special	unication Cables And Interfaces ontractor shall provide manufacturer's certification that the submitted shall comply with the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) Specification 00 as currently amended and with the requirements set forth in this Provision. Any deviations from these specifications shall be enough noted in the Contractor's submittal.
41 12	Fach o	able shall contain the total number of ontical fibers as specified in the

Each cable shall contain the total number of optical fibers as specified in the Plans. For all cables, the fibers shall be placed in loose buffer tubes in groups of 12.

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The fiber optic cable outer jacket shall be marked with the manufacturer's name, the year of manufacture, the words OPTICAL CABLE and sequential meter marks. The markings shall be repeated every one meter. The actual length of the cable shall be within +/- 0.1% of the length marking. The marking shall be in contrasting color to the jacket. The marking shall be 2.5mm in height and shall be permanent and weatherproof.

Cable shall be of loose tube design. The tubes shall be surrounded by dry 1 2 moisture blocking filling compound or tape. The tubes may be filled with dry 3 moisture blocking powder surrounding the fibers. 4 5 The cable shall be constructed with the following components: 6 7 1. A dielectric central strength member 8 2. Buffer tubes containing optical fibers 9 3. Aramid (Kevlar) yarn 10 4. Outer MDPE jacket 11 12 The Contractor shall provide all materials required for the installation and 13 splicing of the specified communications cables, power cables and associated 14 interface devices. 15 16 The Contractor shall provide an unconditional warranty on all installed cable for 17 a period of one (1) year. 18 19 At the request of the Engineer, the Contractor shall submit a 3-foot sample 20 cable section to the Engineer for approval for each type of cable to be 21 provided. 22 23 8-20.2(9-29.3(1)A).ITS.DT1 24 **Singlemode Optical Fibers** 25 Section 9-29.3(1)A is supplemented with the following: 26 27 8-20.2(9-29.3(1)A).OPT1.ITS.DT1 28 (NWR ITS October 31, 2005) 29 **Communication Cables And Interfaces** 30 Optical fiber shall meet the requirements of ITU G652 and specifically 31 meet ITU G652.D Attributes. The fibers shall support the transmission of 32 wavelengths for Coarse Wavelength Division Multiplexing (CWDM) as defined in ITU G694.2. 33 34 35 8-20.2(9-29.3(1)A).OPT2.ITS.DT1 36 (February ITS 11, 2002) 37 **Communication Cables And Interfaces** 38 **Multimode Optical Fibers** All multimode optical fiber cable shall be of a loose tube buffer 39 40 41 installations as well as of an all dielectric construction. 42 43 Each optical fiber shall be fabricated from 100 K PSI glass and shall 44

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design and of industry standard construction for underground conduit

meet this specification.

The multimode fibers shall have a nominal core diameter of 62.5 microns, with no variation greater than 3 microns. The non circularity of the core surface shall be less than 6 percent. Core non circularity is defined as the difference between the longest and shortest chords each passing through the center of the core and connecting on the core/cladding interface, divided by the average core diameter.

Optical fiber dimensions shall be in compliance with the methods for measuring as established in EIA-STD, 455-176.

The multimode cladding shall have a nominal outside diameter of 125 microns with no variation greater than 3 microns. Non circularity of the cladding surface shall be less than 4 percent. Cladding non circularity is defined as the difference between the longest and shortest chords, each passing through the center of the cladding and connecting points on the outer cladding surface, divided by the average diameter of the cladding surface.

The concentricity error for multimode optical fibers shall be less than 6 percent, where the error is the distance between the core and cladding centers divided by the average core diameter.

The coated multimode optical fibers shall have a nominal outside diameter of 250 microns, with no variation greater than 15 microns and a minimum coating thickness of 50 microns.

Fibers shall contain no factory splices.

The maximum attenuation of each 62.5/125 multimode fiber at the temperature range of -40°C. to +70°C. shall be no greater than 1.00 dB/km at 1310 nm nominal. The information transmission capacity (bandwidth) for each multimode optical fiber shall be 500 MHz-km. The attenuation shall be measured on a completed reel length of cable then normalized to a length of 1 km. The measurement method shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedure.

All fibers shall be free from imperfections and inclusions that would prevent them from meeting the transmission and mechanical requirements of this specification. Anomalies shall not exceed 0.20 dB.

The maximum dispersion at 68°F. shall be 2.6 ps/nm-km over the range of 1225 to 1330 nm.

The cutoff wavelength shall be 1200 nm nominal, and shall have no variation greater than 70 microns.

Optical Performance

The optical performance shall meet the requirements of the specifications.

Contractor shall warrant that the installed cable shall provide an absolute maximum attenuation of no greater than 3.0 dB/km at 850 nm nominal and 1.0 dB at 1300 nm nominal for each 62.5/125 multimode fiber at the temperature range of -40°C. to +70°C. The attenuation of multimode fibers shall be determined by EIA-STD-455-46.

1 2	The information transmission capacity (bandwidth) of each multimode optical fiber shall be 500 MHz_km. The information capacity of each
3 4 5 6 7	fiber shall be measured in the time domain environment and the result shall be expressed in terms of _3 dB (optical power) frequency. The method to determine the pulse distortion shall be EIA,-STD-455-51.
8 9 10	8-20.2(9-29.3(2)).ITS.DT1 Twisted Pair (TWP) Copper Cable Section 9-29.3(2) is supplemented with the following:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	8-20.2(9-29.3(2)).OPT1.ITS.DT1 (NWR ITS September 26, 2005) Communication Cables And Interfaces The twisted pair cable outer jacket shall be marked with the manufacturer's name, the year of manufacture, and sequential meter marks. The markings shall be repeated every one meter. The actual length of the cable shall be within +/- 0.1% of the length marking. The marking shall be in contrasting color to the jacket. The marking shall be 2.5mm in height and shall be permanent and weatherproof.
22 23	8-20.2(9-29.3(2)).OPT2.ITS.DT1 (******)
24 25 26 27 28	Outdoor Rated Category 6 Cable A Category 6 outside plant rated cable shall be provided for connecting Ethernet devices that are in separate cabinets. The cable shall contain four twisted pairs of #23 or 24AWG solid bare copper wire. Each pair shall be uniquely color coded with a Thermoplastic polyolefin jacket.
29 30 31 32	The cable outer jacket shall be Polyolefin with a minimum wall thickness of 0.040". The cable shall consist of water blocking material in the cable interstices for moisture protection.
33 34	The cable shall have a voltage rating of 300V.
35 36 37 38	The cable shall be UL listed. It shall support up to IEEE 802.3 1000Base□T Ethernet and IEEE 802.3af for power over Ethernet.
39 40 41	The cable shall be terminated on each end with an RJ45 connector.
42 43 44	8-20.2(9-29.12(2)).ESP.DT1 Traffic Signal Splice Material
45 46 47	8-20.2(9-29.12(2)).INST1.ESP.DT1 Section 9-29.12(2) is supplemented with the following:
48 49 50 51 52	8-20.2(9-29.12(2)).OPT1.ESP.DT1 (NWR March 1, 2011) Induction loop splices shall be either the heat shrink type or the re-enterable type with end cap seals.

1 2 3 4	8-20.2(9-29.13).ITS.DT1 <i>Traffic Signal Controllers</i> Section 9-29.13 is supplemented with the following:			
5 6 7	8-20.2(9-29.13).Ol Traffic D		ITS.DT1 Accumulation And Ramp Metering System	
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Mod Each requ Equi	R IT lel 17 h rar iirem ipme	(A).ITS.DT1 S February 23, 2009) 70E Controller mp meter and data station controller unit furnished shall meet the ents specified in Chapter 2 of the Caltrans Transportation Electrical nt Specification (TEES), August 2002, as currently amended and as follows:	
16 17 18 19			The 170E CPU module shall operate a 68HC11F1 MPU at a crystal frequency of 8MHz. The MPU shall be socket mounted in a PLCC socket.	
20 21 22 23 24			The EPROM shall be resident on the CPU module. The EPROM socket shall be a 32-pin lever-controlled ZIF device. The EPROM shall be either a 32K x 8 or a 128K x 8 device. The device size shall be jumper selectable.	
25 26 27 28			Feature and Location switches shall be provided on the front portion of the CPU module. Each switch shall be an 8-position front-reading DIP switch. The switches shall be addressed as follows:	
29 30 31			Location Switch at 7000 (Port A) Feature Switch at 700A (Port E)	
32 33 34			There shall be one LED indicator located on the front of the CPU module. This LED shall be connected to bit 3 of Port G.	
35 36 37 38		5.	The 170E controller shall have a minimum of 28 kB of battery backed static RAM on the CPU module. RAM shall be continuous from location 0000 to 6FFF.	
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46			Four Asynchronous Communication Interface Adapters (ACIAs) shall be provided on the same board as the CPU. The ACIAs shall be 6850 ICs operating at a crystal frequency of 6.144MHz. Each ACIA shall have 5 programmable jumpers to select 5 communication baud rates (1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200) for a total of 20 jumpers. All ACIAs shall be active. An IRQ status register shall be provided at75FF.	
47 48 49			The Model 412C PROM module shall not be provided. A blank panel shall cover the PROM slot.	
50 51 52			Two blank 27256 EPROM chips shall be provided with the CPU module.	

1 2 3		9.	Each controller shall ha following pin connection		CIA C20 wrap-around with	the
4 5 6 7			C20 Function Pin (J) RTS (J) RTS (K) DATA-IN	to to to	C20 Function Pin (M) (H) (L) DATA-OUT	CTS DCD
8 9 10 11 12	8-20.2(9-29.1	(ŃWR II	(A)1.ITS.DT1 S February 11, 2002) th 170E controller shall i	nclude a	Model 400 modem.	
13 14 15 16	8-20.2(9-29.7	(NWR II	S February 11, 2002)	nclude a	drop/insert data modem.	
17 18 19 20 21	8-20.2(9-29.1	(NWR I7 10. Eac	S February 23, 2009)	nclude ar	n unmanaged ethernet swi	itch and a
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	8-20.2(9-29.1	(NWR IT Model 3 Traffic or requirem Hardwar	S September 26, 2005 30 Cabinet data station controller nents specified in Chap	cabineto	(s), *** \$\$1\$\$ ***, shal the Type 170E Traffic Sig 6, as currently amended	gnal Contro
30 31 32 33		1.	alloy, with mill finish, in	accorda	0.125 inch sheet aluminum nce with Section 9-29.13(7 aluminum is not allowed.	
34 35 36 37 38 39 40		2	assembly with spring lo accepting a Best Lock Contractor shall supply	oaded con Company green co ctor shall	e-point latch and two-posit nstruction core lock capab y 6-pin CX series core. Th onstruction cores. Upon su I deliver two master keys a er.	le of ne ubstantial
41		3	Visual alarm light shall	not be pi	rovided	
42 43 44 45		4	Field wire terminals showing Chart.	all be lab	eled in accordance with th	e ITS Field
46 47 48		5.	ballast shall be furnished	ed on the	erior cabinet lights with se top of the front rack. Doo ght when the door is open	or switch
49 50 51		6.	Pole and wall mounted	cabinets	shall be fully enclosed.	

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	shall be shelf sh does no	ntroller unit shelf, which attaches to the front rails of the EIA rack, e provided in lieu of the two controller unit support angles. The rall be fabricated from aluminum and shall be installed such that it interfere with access to any terminal block. The shelf shall a rollout flip-top drawer for storage of wiring diagrams and s.
8		t Accessories
9		accessories for the Model 330 Cabinet shall be the same as the
10	Model 3	34 Cabinet with the following exceptions:
11		
12	1	The cabinet shall not contain a PDA 3.
13		
14	2	There shall be no load switches.
15		
16	3	A 24V swing out power supply shall be provided.
17		
18	4.	The display panel shall have 24 LED indicators for loops. It shall
19		not have an Advance Warning Sign Control Switch, nor any
20		Controller Output Indicators.
21		Controller Catput maleatore.
22	5.	One 5.25-inch input file shall be supplied.
23	0.	one oleo mon input me onan be supplied.
24	6.	One rack mount vehicle loop detector shall be included for every
25	0.	two loops.
26		two 100ps.
20 27	7.	The applicat shall not contain a police panel per a Madel 204
	7.	The cabinet shall not contain a police panel nor a Model 204 Flasher Unit.
28		Flasher Unit.
29	0.00.0(0.00.10) ODT1(C)	ITO door
30	8-20.2(9-29.13).OPT1(C).	115.00CX
31	(*****)	N. I. C I
32	Model 334 (
33		station and ramp meter controller cabinets furnished on this
34		Ill meet the requirements of Type 170E, 170E-HC-11, 2070, 2070
35	Lite, ATC Co	ontroller Cabinets with the following exceptions:
36		
37	1.	The cabinet shall be equipped with an electric strip heater with a
38		rating of 100 watts and 120 VAC and a ventilation fan meeting the
39		requirements specified in Chapter 12 of FHWA IP-78-16.
40		
41	2.	The fan and strip heater shall be controlled by a high-low
42		adjustable thermostat that can be set to ensure the cabinet
43		interior temperature remains between 60°F and 125°F. The
44		heater strip shall be shielded.
45		Trouter only on an objective
46		
47	8-20.2(9-29.13).OPT1(D).	ITS DT1
48		October 4, 2004)
49		t Vehicle Loop Detectors
49 50		•
		ctor shall provide, install and connect inductive loop detectors
51	manuracture	ed by Reno A&E.
52		

1	1.	Equipment Model Numbers:
2 3 4 5		332/170 type with solid-state outputs C-1101-SS and TrueCount outputs
6	2.	Manufacturer Information:
7 8 9 10 11 12		Reno A&E 4655 Aircenter Circle Reno, NV 89502 Telephone: (775) 826-2020 www.renoae.com
13 14	8-20.2(9-29.13).OPT	1(E).ITS.DT1
15	(NWR	ITS February 23, 2009)
16		Mount Vehicle Loop Detectors in Existing Cabinets
17 18		ontractor shall provide, install and connect inductive loop detectors actured by Reno A&E in all existing cabinets that have new loops
19	installe	d or existing loops replaced. One rack mount vehicle loop detector
20		e included for EACH new loop installed or replaced.
21	4	Caulings and Madal Numbers
22 23	1.	Equipment Model Numbers:
24 25		332/170 type with solid-state outputs C-1101-SS and TrueCount outputs
26 27 28	2.	Manufacturer Information:
29		Reno A&E
30		4655 Aircenter Circle
31		Reno, NV 89502
32 33		Telephone: (775) 826-2020 www.renoae.com
34		
35	8-20.2(9-29.13).OPT	1(F).ITS.docx
36	(*****)	tuvojva Vahiala Dataatau
37 38		trusive Vehicle Detector ontractor shall provide, install, and connect non-intrusive vehicle detector
39		locations as shown in the Plans. The Non-Intrusive Vehicle Detector
40		e manufactured by Wavetronix LLC as a completed unit including
41	detecto	or sensor, cable, mounting brackets, and other associated equipment.
42 43	1. Ec	uipment Model Numbers:
44	1. LO	alphion wodor rumbors.

		-
1	Wavetronix 24 GHz HD125 with rotating backplate	WX-SS-125-010
1	Standard Sensor Cable with Connector	WX-SS-701-040
	(to be selected per Plan)	WX-SS-701-060
		WX-SS-701-080
		WX-SS-701-100
1	Sensor Mount - 6" 3 Axis Aluminum Bracket	WX-SS-611

1	16 Channel Contact Closure	WX-CLK-100
1	Power/RS232/RS485 Lightning Surge Protector	WX-CLK-200
1	1 Amp@ 24 VDC Power Supply	WX-CLK-201
1	Resettable Breaker/Switch .5 Amp	WX-CLK-210
1	120 Volt AC Surge Protector	WX-CLK-230
1	Din Rail 19" Bent	WX-100-0066
1	8 foot Male Plug Power Cord	WX-100-0118

4

Manufacturer Information:

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Wavetronix LLC 380 S. Technology Ct. Linden, UT 84042

(801) 764-0277 (ext. 1011)

www.wavetronix.com

8-20.2(9-29.13).OPT1(G).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS November 10, 2003)

Traffic Signal Standards

Ramp meter signal standards shall meet the requirements of Standard Plan J-7a.

14 15 16

17

8-20.2(9-29.13(7)E).ITS.DT1

Type 170E, 170E-HC-11, 2070, 2070 Lite, ATC Controller Cabinets

Section 9-29.13(7)E is supplemented with the following:

18 19 20

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32 33 8-20.2(9-29.13(7)E).OPT1.ITS.docx

22

Traffic Data Accumulation And Ramp Metering System

Each Model 334 cabinet shall be equipped with a fully operable Type 170E controller equipped as specified in these Special Provisions.

One rack mount vehicle loop detector shall be included for every two loops. Five additional vehicle loop detectors shall be installed in each new cabinet for future use.

One reproducible drafting film and two non-fading copies of the cabinet-wiring diagram shall be furnished with each cabinet.

The sign relay coil shall draw (or sink) less than 75 milliamperes from the 170E controller and have a DPDT contact rating not less than 10 amperes.

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38

A transient voltage protection device with four outlets shall be provided, which plugs into the controller unit receptacle and in turn accepts the controller plug and communications equipment and meets the electrical requirements of Section 9-29.13(7)B(3)e.

1	Cabinet Wiring
2	Cabinet wiring shall conform to the details and diagrams in the Plans. The
3	Contractor shall trim wiring to eliminate all slack and lace or bind together with
4	nylon wraps or equal. All terminals shall be labeled. The cabinet shall be
5	wired completely so that the only requirement to make a field location
5 6	completely operational is to connect field, power and ground wires to
7	appropriate terminals.
8	appropriate terminater
9	8-20.2(9-29.18).ESP.DT1
10	Vehicle Detector
11	Vernole Detector
12	8-20.2(9-29.18).INST1.ESP.DT1
13	Section 9-29.18 is supplemented with the following:
14	Section 9-29. To is supplemented with the following.
15	9 20 2/0 20 10\ ODT2 ECD DT1
16	8-20.2(9-29.18).OPT2.ESP.DT1 (NWR March 4, 2009)
17	
	Loop Sealant
18	Loop sealant for use in HMA pavement shall be one of the following:
19	1 DALDro Cool COOCEV
20	1. RAI Pro-Seal 6006EX
21	2. QCM EAS-14
22	3. 3M Black 5000
23	4. Craftco Inc. Part #34271
24	When OM Distriction is installed below the final life of an UMA installation of
25	When 3M Black 5000 is installed below the final lift of an HMA installation, a
26	minimum of 5 consecutive days of cure time is required before either the final lift is
27	installed or vehicle traffic is allowed over the installation
28	Lean application was an apparate bridge dealer and DCC nevernment shall be one of
29	Loop sealant for use on concrete bridge decks and PCC pavement shall be one of
30	the following:
31	1 OM Plants F000
32	1. 3M Black 5000
33	2. Gold Label Flex 1P
34	3. QCM EAS-14
35	Loop and antipotallation about any forms to the many facture we represend ations
36	Loop sealant installation shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations.
37	0.00.0(0.00.0F)
38	8-20.2(9-29.25).ESP.DT1
39	Amplifier, Transformer, and Terminal Cabinets
40	0.00.0(0.00.0F) INOTA FOR DTA
41	8-20.2(9-29.25).INST1.ESP.DT1
42	Section 9-29.25 is supplemented with the following:
43	0.00.0(0.00.05) ODT4 FORDT4
44	8-20.2(9-29.25).OPT1.ESP.DT1
45	(NWR March 4, 2009)
46	Cabinet Material
47	Nominal cabinet dimensions for Transformer 3.1 to 12.5 KVA shall be 20" (D) x 40"
48	(H) x 24" (W).
49	0.00.0(4), OD0
50	8-20.2(1).GR8
51	Equipment List And Drawings

8-20.2(1).INST1.GR8

Section 8-20.2(1) is supplemented with the following:

8-20.2(1).OPT1.ITS.DT1

(I).OPII.IIS.DII

(NWR ITS September 26, 2005)

Approval of Material

When submitting material lists for approval, the Contractor shall identify all revisions or changes to manufacturer names, component names, and model numbers listed in these Special Provisions. The Contractor shall also include a brief justification for the revision or change.

8-20.3.GR8

Construction Requirements

15 8-20.3.INST1.ITS.DT1

Section 8-20.3 is supplemented with the following:

8-20.3.OPT1.ITS.docx

(*****)

Cabinet Labeling

The Contractor shall mark each ITS device cabinet and transformer cabinet by affixing vinyl lettering which matches the alphanumeric device number as shown in the Plans to the outside of the cabinet. The vinyl letters shall be black on unpainted cabinets and white on painted cabinets. The lettering shall be 4-inch C. The lettering shall be centered horizontally and begin at the top of the cabinet. The first line of text shall be the three number designation of the State Route. The following line(s) shall be the seven character designation of the device(s). The lettering shall be on the side of the cabinet most visible from the roadway. The alphabetical portion of the name shall be lowercase. The Contractor shall install an engraved nameplate, identifying the power source for each cabinet. The nameplate shall consist of white letters on a red background and be permanently affixed to the inside of the cabinet door. The nameplate text shall read "Cabinet Power Source" in ½ inch nominal letters followed by the service name or transformer name (e.g. SUA173 or 522xf02303), as appropriate, in 1 inch nominal letters.

8-20.3.OPT2.ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS September 26, 2005)

Cable Vault and Pull Box Labeling

All cable vaults and pull boxes used as part of the ITS System shall be labeled in accordance with Section 9-29.2(4).

8-20.3.OPT3.ITS.docx

(*****)

Traffic Data Accumulation And Ramp Metering System

Model 330 & Model 334 Cabinet Testing

Traffic data accumulation equipment shall undergo two separate sets of tests prior to final acceptance. Initially, the Contractor shall deliver the equipment to the WSDOT Signal Shop in Seattle, Washington for testing. These tests shall check the operation of each individual component as well as the component's ability to operate within the overall system.

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(206) 442-2110

Delivery will be accepted only if all required equipment and materials described in the notification are on hand, between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Mondays, Wednesdays, or Fridays.

The Contractor shall be responsible for unloading all equipment and materials.

Assembly

All equipment shall be completely assembled in preparation for Stage 2 testing.

Stage 2: Hardware and Systems Test

The Contracting Agency will limit the Stage 2 testing to 25 calendar days for two controller and cabinet assemblies with 2 additional calendar days for each additional controller and cabinet.

The tests will verify whether or not the equipment supplied meets Type 170 environmental and operating standards and provides the functions and operations required in this contract.

Only two failures in each controller and cabinet assembly will be allowed. A third failure will result in rejection of the assembly.

A malfunctioning load switch and/or detection amplifier will not be considered a failure. However, the Contractor shall provide replacement units.

The Contractor will be notified of all rejections. The Contractor shall remove all equipment that is rejected from the Shop within seven calendar days following receipt of the rejection notice. If not removed accordingly, the Shop will forward the equipment to the Contractor, freight collect.

Stage 2 testing may extend beyond the allowed test period if:

- A controller and cabinet assembly fails within the last 7 calendar days of Stage 2; or
- 2. A controller and cabinet assembly that replaces a rejected assembly is submitted for testing.

In order to pass the Stage 2 test, the controller and cabinet assembly must have no failures during the last seven calendar days of the test period.

The Shop will release no equipment unless all documents are current and correct. Should any document require revising or updating, the Contractor shall provide two copies of that document with the changes marked in red. These documents include, but are not limited, to the following:

- 1. One reproducible mylar wiring diagram of each cabinet supplied.
- 2. Two blue-tone wiring diagrams of each cabinet supplied.
- 3. Wiring diagrams for all auxiliary equipment furnished. One set per cabinet.

- 4. Type 170E controller operations and maintenance manuals. One set per cabinet. The Contractor shall provide two extra sets over and above the total number required for all cabinets.
- Auxiliary equipment operations and maintenance manuals. One set per cabinet.

All equipment except accepted controllers and modems shall be removed from the Shop within seven working days following notice of final approval and acceptance. If not removed accordingly, the shop will forward the equipment to the Contractor freight collect. Accepted controllers and modems shall remain in the shop until requested by the Contractor for the turn-on test.

Communication Device Testing

All communication devices (modems, terminal servers, etc.) will be tested using a Contracting Agency-owned communications data analyzer. The communication devices will be tested over a 24-hour period. Each device is passed if the data analyzer detects no errors over a 24-hour period. Any device failing the test will be rejected. The rejected device shall be replaced at no added cost to the Contracting Agency.

Controller Testing

Controller testing will be primarily communications oriented. However, a hardware failure shall cause the controller being tested to fail the test. Each controller will be tested for communications compatibility with the central computer over a 24-hour test period. The test will be considered successful if communications with the central computer are maintained over the test period.

Communication Failure

Failure to properly communicate with the central computer on each transmission during the 24-hour period shall cause the unit to fail the test. The Contractor shall diagnose the problem and document the solution upon notice of a failure.

Hardware-Oriented Problems

If the problem is hardware-oriented, the Contractor shall remove the failed unit from the TMC for repair or replacement. The repaired or replaced unit and its cabinet shall be delivered to the Shop for complete testing before re-testing at TMC.

Software-Oriented Problems

If the problem is software-oriented, the Contractor shall promptly notify TSMC personnel of the problem. The Contractor shall demonstrate that it is a software problem and not a hardware incompatibility in the controller, to both the Freeway Systems Engineer's and the Engineer's satisfaction.

Work Delays

The Contractor will not be granted an extension of time for delays caused by rejected equipment.

Turn-On Test Immediately following the field installation of the traffic data station controllers. the Contractor shall demonstrate that all functions of the controllers and cabinets operate as specified, specifically: The ability of the cabinet to interface properly with field wiring and equipment. This shall include communicating with the central computer over the communication lines, and detecting vehicle presence and absence over all induction loops. The Contractor shall correct any interfacing problems resulting from this installation.

- 2. The ability of the controller to gather, store, and transmit field data to the central computer, including status of field equipment, as specified.
- 3. The ability of the controller to receive and process commands from the central computer.

The turn-on tests shall be conducted only during the time period between 9:00 a.m. and 2:30 p.m. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer 10 days in advance of the demonstration and perform the demonstration in the presence of the Engineer. TSMC personnel will be on-site to help in transmitting commands from the central computer to the controller(s) at the Contractor's request.

8-20.3.OPT5.ITS.DT1

Closed Circuit Television System

8-20.3.OPT5(A).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 4, 2004) CCTV Test

The Contractor shall test the CCTV system using a Contractor-supplied NTSC-compatible video monitor and a Contractor-supplied camera control device. The control device may be an IBM-compatible laptop computer with a suitable EIA-422 converter running Vendor-supplied software. The control device and monitor shall remain the property of the Contractor. All test cables and connections shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

During each testing phase, the Contractor shall repair, replace, or reconfigure each CCTV camera installation as necessary, at no additional cost to the Contracting Agency.

Bench CCTV Test

The Contractor shall perform a bench test on each camera, pan-and-tilt unit, and camera controller prior to installation. The bench test shall be performed at a location proposed by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer. The bench test shall consist of the following:

- 1. Display camera video on Contractor-provided monitor.
- 2. Program I.D. generator.
- 3. Pan and tilt camera.
- 4. Zoom and focus camera in both fast and slow modes.
- 5. Turn camera off and on.

1 6. Change iris between auto and manual. 2 3 **Local CCTV Test** 4 At each camera control cabinet the Contractor shall connect the video monitor to 5 the coaxial video cable and connect the camera control device to the camera 6 control cable. The Contractor shall demonstrate to the Engineer the following 7 features of the camera installation: 8 9 Display camera video on the Contractor-provided monitor. 10 Program the I.D. generator to display the State Route on line 1 and the 11 CCTV camera number on line 2. Pan and tilt the camera. 12 3. 13 4. Zoom and focus the camera in both fast and slow modes. 14 5. Turn the camera off and on. 15 Change the iris to auto and manual. 16 17 8-20.3.OPT5(B).ITS.DT1 (NWR ITS October 21, 2003) 18 19 **HUB CCTV Test** 20 At each hub the Contractor shall connect the camera control device to the EIA-232/422 converter. The video monitor shall be connected to the BNC port of the 21 22 camera video receiver for the camera being tested. In the presence of the 23 Engineer, the Contractor shall demonstrate all of the features listed in the Local 24 CCTV Test section. 25 26 8-20.3.OPT5(C).ITS.DT1 27 (NWR ITS February 11, 2002) 28 TMC CCTV Test At the *** \$\$1\$\$ *** Traffic Management Center, the Contractor shall witness the 29 30 TMC CCTV Testing as performed by the Contracting Agency. The Contracting Agency will attempt to perform all of the Local CCTV Test features through an 31 32 existing TMS control console at the TMC. 33 8-20.3.OPT8.ITS.DT1 34 35 Variable Message Sign (VMS) 36 37 8-20.3.OPT8(A).ITS.DT1 38 (NWR ITS February 3, 2003) 39 **Order of Work** 40 The installation of the sign support structure, sign power service, communications 41 to the WSDOT central computer, delivery from manufacturer, installation, and 42 testing shall be shown in the Contractor's CPM schedule. The contractor shall 43 install the VMS within 14 calendar days of delivery from the manufacturer. Within 44 24 hours of its installation, power shall be supplied to the VMS and its 45 environmental controls fully operational. Also, the Contractor shall have the VMS fully operational and ready to begin testing procedures within 14 calendar days of 46 47 VMS installation. 48 49

System Testing

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Testing of the VMS hardware and software furnished and installed for this Contract shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. All variable message signs, VMS control software, VMS control equipment, and cabinets shall be inspected and

tested prior to shipment from the factory and after installation in the field. These tests shall demonstrate that each component is fully functional and conforms with these Special Provisions. At a minimum, the tests shall show that all pixels are operational and that the control software provides LED brightness, housing ventilation, message and beacon control. All components that fail a test shall be replaced and re-tested.

The Contractor shall provide a copy of all Factory Test reports to the Engineer at the time of shipment. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a copy of the Field Test reports for each VMS, once the VMS equipment is found to be fully functional. The test reports required by this specification shall include:

- 1. a list of all equipment used to perform the tests
- 2. a record of each test step, who performed the tests, who witnessed the tests, and the test results
- 3. a record of test failures, corrective action taken, and results of the retest

The Engineer reserves the right to perform any independent inspections or tests, which are deemed necessary to ensure that the VMS equipment and software complies with the requirements of the Special Provisions.

NTCIP Testing

VMS sign controllers will be tested by the Department using the NTCIP Exerciser in place of the Central Computer. The NTCIP test will use the circuit created to connect the sign controller to the central computer, the modem furnished for this Contract, and the Department's copy of the Exerciser. The Exerciser shall prove that VMS sign controller fully complies with the NTCIP requirements of this Special Provision. The Engineer shall decide any differences in the interpretation of NTCIP Standards. The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring that the VMS equipment fully complies with NTCIP standards specified herein. The Contractor shall allow 14 days for NTCIP testing. The System Acceptance Test will begin upon completion of the NTCIP test.

Acceptance Testing

The VMS sign shall be tested in order to check the operation of the sign. A representative from the manufacturer shall be present during testing of the VMS. A VMS operation manual shall be provided to the Contracting Agency at the time of the test.

During the 20 day test, the Contractor shall replace all failed sign components.

The Contractor shall verify remote control of the sign from the Traffic Management Center at Dayton Avenue before scheduling any testing. The Contractor shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the sign, as a minimum can display diagnostic messages originating from the Dayton Avenue control consoles. Messages shall incorporate the use of the beacons. Testing shall not begin until the sign's basic features have been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The test shall be conducted immediately following the complete installation of the new VMS. The Contractor shall demonstrate that all functions of the signs and

local controllers are operational. This test shall be conducted in the presence of 1 2 the Engineer. 3 4 Upon satisfaction of the Engineer that all functions of the system are operational, a 5 20-day test period of continuous operation shall begin. The test period shall be 6 shown in the contractor's CPM schedule. The following shall be observed during 7 the test period: 8 9 All equipment shall be in working order at the beginning of the test. Any 1. 10 adjustment or replacement of components shall be considered a 11 malfunction and cause for termination of the test period. 12 13 The system shall operate for 20 consecutive days without malfunction. 14 15 3. The VMS shall be communicating with the central computer during the 16 entire 20-day test. Any loss of communication between the VMS and the 17 central computer shall be considered a malfunction. 18 19 Although it is not necessary for the Contractor to provide personnel to be 20 in attendance during the 20-day testing period, upon being informed of a 21 malfunction, the Contractor shall respond within 48 hours with a 22 representative who is thoroughly familiar with the operation of all parts of 23 the system. 24 25 5. Upon detection of a malfunction, the test and test time shall be stopped 26 and the malfunction corrected. Test time will be reset and a new 20-day 27 test period shall begin. 28 29 8-20.3.OPT8(B).ITS.DT1 30 (NWR ITS February 11, 2002) 31 VMS Training 32 The Contractor shall provide 8 hours of VMS system training for 5 Contracting Agency personnel taught by a manufacturer certified instructor. This shall include 33 classroom instruction at a Contracting Agency facility as well as at the VMS 34 35 location. Training shall focus on removal and replacement of sign components and 36 manufacturers standard troubleshooting procedures. 37 38 8-20.3.OPT10.ITS.DT1 39 (NWR ITS April 12. 2004) Highway Advisory Radio (HAR) System 40 Sign Assembly 41 42 Mounting shall be as shown in the Plans. 43 44 Flashing Beacons 45 The beacons shall be installed as shown in the detail in the Plans. The flasher 46 units shall be housed within the sign control cabinet. 47 48 **Sign Lighting Luminaire** 49 The luminaires shall be installed as shown in the Plans. 50 51 Sign Control Cabinet

The control cabinet shall be wired and installed as shown in the Plans.

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2	Testing
3	The Contractor shall demonstrate that upon command from the TSMC the beacons
	·
4	and sign lights can be activated.
5	
6	8-20.3.OPT11.ITS.DT1
7	Communication Conduit System
8	
9	8-20.3.OPT11(A).ITS.DT1
10	(NWR ITS February 11, 2002)
11	Submittals
12	Within a minimum of 30 calendar days prior to anticipated construction, the
13	Contractor shall provide all documentation pertaining to the materials and method
14	of execution proposed to satisfy the requirements of this section. The Engineer's
15	approval is required prior to the committing of any materials or the commencement
16	of any work.
17	of any work.
18	The Contractor shall entisingte a minimum of 20 calendar days for approval or
	The Contractor shall anticipate a minimum of 30 calendar days for approval or
19	disapproval of each submitted item. Actual time for the Engineer's review is
20	dependent upon the completeness and appropriateness of the documentation
21	being submitted. Any deficiencies will require additional time for approval. Any
22	delays caused by such deficiencies will not be considered grounds for extension of
23	project time. The Contractor shall anticipate review intervals to ensure project
24	progress in accordance with Section 1-08.3.
25	
26	The Engineer's approval of any submitted documentation shall in no way relieve the
27	Contractor from compliance with the safety and performance requirements as
28	specified herein.
29	
30	Submittals required by this item shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
31	
32	 The manufacturer's specifications for cable vaults and pull boxes.
33	
34	2. Detailed shop drawings of pull box and cable vault fabrication.
35	
36	3. Manufacturer's specifications for all conduit, fittings and accessories.
37	o. Manaradaron o oposinisationis for an sortiality and assessmes.
38	4. Three foot sample of each type (PVC schedule 40 and PVC schedule 80)
39	of conduit with bell ends and one sample of each item listed in the
40	subsection Accessory Hardware .
41	
42	5. Certificate of compliance with requirements for coefficient of friction and
43	Bellcore GR-356-CORE for innerducts.
44	
45	8-20.3.OPT11(B).ITS.DT1
46	(NWR ITS February 11, 2002)
47	Location Wire and Warning Tape
48	Warning Tape
49	Warning tape shall be installed in continuous sections for all underground fiber
50	optic conduit installation where trenching is required. The warning tape shall
51	be installed approximately 6 inches below the surface of pavement or existing

grade. Warning tape shall be installed a minimum of 12 inches into all cable vaults and pull boxes at both ends of the trench.

Location Wire

Wire conductor shall be installed in continuous sections for all underground fiber optic conduit installation where trenching is required. A minimum of 6 feet of location wire shall be extended into each cable vault or pull box. The locate wire shall be attached to the "C" channel or the cover hinge bracket with stainless steel bolts and straps. A 1-foot loop of locate wire shall be provided above the channel as shown in the Plans. Locator wire shall be placed between the conduits in dual conduit installations or on top of conduits for single conduit installations.

8-20.3.OPT13.ITS.DT1

Communication Cables And Interfaces

8-20.3.OPT13(A).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 11, 2002) Submittals

Within a minimum of 30 calendar days prior to anticipated construction, the Contractor shall provide all documentation pertaining to the materials and method of execution proposed to satisfy the requirements of this section. The Engineer's approval is required prior to the committing of any materials or the commencement of any work.

The Engineer will either approve or disapprove each submitted item within 30 calendar days of submittal subject to the completeness of the Contractor's submittal. Actual elapsed time for the Engineer's review is dependent upon the completeness and appropriateness of the documentation being submitted. Any deficiencies in the Contractor's submittals shall require additional time for approval. Any delays caused by such deficiencies shall not be grounds for extension of project consideration dates. The Contractor shall anticipate review intervals and schedule submittals accordingly to ensure project progress in accordance with Section 1-08.3.

The Engineer's approval of any submitted documentation shall in no way relieve the Contractor from compliance with the safety and performance requirements as specified herein.

Submittals required by this item shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 1. A material staging plan, should the Contractor propose State owned property as a staging area.
- 2. Manufacturer's complete specifications for all communication system cables and, associated electronics and hardware components.
- 3. Manufacturer's complete specifications for twisted-pair cable splice enclosures.
- 4. A detailed fiber optic and twisted-pair cable installation procedure including the following:

- Fiber optic cable cutting lengths reflecting the cable order and reel allocations.
- b. Cable pulling plan which shall state the exact operational procedures to be utilized and which identifies the physical locations for equipment placement, proposed equipment setup at each location, pulling tension on all cables for each pull, staffing, and the pulling methodology for each type of cable.
- c. Exact splice points as provided for herein.
- d. Workforce proposed for all equipment, safety, and manual assist operations
- Factory test data sheets for each reel of cable delivered.

8-20.3.OPT13(B).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 11, 2002) Cable Installation - General

The Contractor shall determine a suitable cable installation method to ensure that all cable installation requirements shall be met in all conduit sections. All work shall be carried out in accordance and consistent with the highest standards of quality and craftsmanship in the communication industry with regard to the electrical and mechanical integrity of the connections; the finished appearance of the installation; as well as the accuracy and completeness of the documentation.

The Contractor shall make a physical survey of the project site for the purpose of establishing the exact cable routing and cutting lengths prior to the commencement of any fiber optic work or committing any fiber optic materials. Splicing is only allowed for the programmed connection of reels and as shown in the Plans to connect a lateral fiber optic cable to the mainline distribution fiber optic cable. The Contractor shall submit a cable routing plan that shows the locations of all splices. All splice locations other than those shown in the Plans must be approved by the Engineer.

All work areas shall be clean and orderly at the completion of work and at times required by the Engineer during the progress of work.

8-20.3.OPT13(C).ITS.docx

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Fiber Optic Cable Installation

Fiber optic cables shall be installed in continuous lengths without intermediate splices throughout the project, except at the location(s) specified in the Plans, or as approved in writing by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall comply with the cable manufacturer's specifications and recommended procedures including, but not limited to the following:

- 1. Installation.
- 2. Proper attachment to the cable strength elements for pulling during installation.

- 3. Bi-directional pulling.
- 4. Cable tensile limitations and the tension monitoring procedure.
- 5. Cable bending radius limitations.

The Contractor shall protect the loops from tangling or kinking. At no time during the length of the project shall the cable's minimum bending radius specification be violated.

To accommodate long, continuous installation lengths, bi-directional pulling of the fiber optic cable shall be permitted.

In all cable vaults, pull boxes, and at all splice locations cable slack of 50 feet shall be left by the Contractor, unless otherwise specified in the Plans. The 50 feet length of fiber optic cable shall be coiled and secured with tie wraps to racking hardware or as specified in the Plans.

Installation shall involve the placement of fiber optic cables in a specified inner duct as defined in the Plans. The Contractor shall ensure that inner ducts are secured to prevent movement during the cable installation process.

The pulling eye/sheath termination hardware on the fiber optic cables shall not be pulled over any sheave blocks.

When power equipment is used to install fiber optic cabling, the pulling speed shall not exceed 100 feet per minute. The pulling tension limitation for fiber optic cables shall not be exceeded under any circumstances.

Large diameter wheels, pulling sheaves, and cable guides shall be used to maintain the appropriate bending radius. Tension monitoring shall be accomplished using commercial dynamometers or load-cell instruments.

Fiber optic cable lubricant shall be used to reduce pulling tensions for the installation of each fiber optic cable.

Patch Cord Installation

Patch cords placed between pad mounted cabinets shall be protected by ½" or 3/8" split yellow loom. The loom shall cover the entire length of the patch cord(s) to within 12 inches of end. The loom shall be installed before the patch cords are pulled into the conduit(s) and be rated for use in electrical installations.

Patch Cords installed within a cabinet shall adhere to the following:

- 1. Patch cords contained within a patch panel shall not be more than 1 foot longer than required to make the connection.
- 2. Patch cords between two patch panels shall not be more than 1 foot longer than required to make the connection.
- 3. Patch cords between a patch panel and a device shall not be more than 2 feet longer than required to make the connection.
- 4. Patch cords between a patch panel and a device shall be contained inside of ½" or 3/8" split yellow loom.
- 5. Boots shall be glued to the jacket of the patch cord.

8-20.3.OPT13(D).ITS.DT1 1 2 (NWR ITS October 16, 2006) 3 Fiber Optic Cable Splicing 4 Field splices shall be located as shown in the plans. No additional splices will be 5 allowed without the approval of the Engineer. 6 7 All fusion splicing equipment shall be in good working order, properly calibrated. 8 and meeting all industry standards and safety regulations. Cable preparation, 9 closure installation and splicing shall be accomplished in accordance with accepted 10 and approved industry standards. 11 12 Upon completion of the splicing operation, all waste material shall be deposited in 13 suitable containers for fiber optic disposal, removed from the job site, and disposed 14 of in an environmentally acceptable manner. 15 16 The Contractor shall use the fusion method for fiber optic splicing. Acceptable 17 fusion splicing techniques are: 18 19 Local Injections and Detection 20 Profile Alignment System 21 22 The Contractor shall seal all cables where the cable jacket is removed. The cable 23 shall be sealed per the cable manufacturer's recommendation with an approved 24 blocking material. 25 26 The Contractor shall seal all buffer tubes with an approved blocking material to 27 prevent migration of gel into splice trays. 28 29 All splices shall be contained in splice trays utilizing strain relief, such as heat 30 shrink wraps, as recommended by the splice tray manufacturer. 31 32 8-20.3.OPT13(E).ITS.docx 33 (*****) 34 **Fiber Optic Splice Closure** 35 Upon sealing the splice closure, the Contractor shall show that the closure maintains 10 psi of pressure for a 24-hour period. 36 37 38 8-20.3.OPT13(F).ITS.docx (*****) 39 40 Fiber Optic Cable Labeling 41 Permanent cable labels shall be used to identify fiber optic cables at each 42 termination point and in every pull box and cable vault. The cable labels shall 43 consist of a self-laminating plastic black and yellow tag with the words "CAUTION 44 FIBER OPTIC CABLE" and with a space for a custom description of the cable 45 being labeled. The custom portion of the tag shall contain the fiber count, fiber type 46 (SMFO or MMFO), use (mainline, distribution, or other), and cable direction (north, 47 east, south, west).

Patch panels shall be labeled with 3/8"-1/2" printed laminated labels. The labels

shall be located inside the patch panel where they can be read with the door open.

The labels shall provide a description of what fibers are spliced to each port in the

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panel. The description shall include port number, fiber purpose, cable direction and fiber numbers (i.e. "Ports 13-24: Distribution South 1-12").

8-20.3.OPT13(G).ITS.DT1
(NWR ITS June 7, 2004)
Twisted-Pair Copper Cable Installation
The Contractor shall install all OSP cables and associated terminal blocks.

Cables shall be terminated in the communication hubs on a combination connector/protector block, which shall be an AT&T Type 310 bifurcated quick clip terminal block mounted on the wall of the vault. Protection shall be provided for each pair. The surge protector shall be solid state, low voltage (60-90 volts) for non-ringing circuits, 130 volts for ringing circuits and shall have a heat coil for sneak current protection, and gold-plated pins. Protector block ground shall be connected

to the ground bus.

Where cables are terminated at terminal blocks in cabinets, the same pair assignment shall be maintained.

8-20.3.OPT13(H).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 11, 2002)

Cable Racking in Pull Boxes and Cable Vaults

The Contractor shall rack the cable in vertical figure eight loops, which shall permit pulling slack from the vaults without introducing twist to the cable.

Cables shall be secured in racked positions with nylon ties. Identification or warning tags shall be securely attached to the cables in at least two locations in each pull box or cable vault.

All coiled cable shall be protected to prevent damage to the cable and fibers. Racking shall include securing cables to brackets (racking hardware) that extend from the side walls of the pull box.

All racking hardware shall be stainless steel.

8-20.3.OPT13(I).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 16, 2006)

As-Built Records

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a cable route diagram for all installed fiber optic and twisted pair cables. The diagram shall show the actual cable routes and "meter marks" where each cable enters and exits pull boxes, cable vaults, junction boxes, splices and termination points. The Contractor shall record these points during cable installation. The diagram shall also include all ITS device locations as well as the location and quantity of slack cable. The cable route diagram shall be submitted to the Engineer as part of the Fiber Cable Testing documentation.

1	8-20.3.OPT13(J).ITS.docx (******)
2	\ /
3	Fiber Optic Cable Testing
4	The installed optical fiber cable shall be tested for compliance with the transmission
5	requirements of this specification, the cable and hardware manufacturer's
6	specifications, and prescribed industry standards and practices.
7	
8	Prior to commencing acceptance testing, the Contractor shall complete the
9	installation of the fiber optic system. This includes sealing the splice closures,
10	completing the splicing and racking the cables in the pull boxes and cable vaults.
11	
12	All testing values shall be in metric.
13	
14	Types of Testing
15	The two required acceptance tests for optical fiber cable system certification
16	are:
17	
18	Power Meter testing
19	
20	Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR) testing
21	
22	Power Meter Testing
23	Power meter testing shall be used to measure the end-to-end attenuation
24	of each new fiber installed between a field device and a communications
25	hub as well as between communications hubs. Power meter testing shall
26	be performed at the 1310 and 1550 nanometer wavelength in both
27	directions.
28	
29	Prior to commencing testing, the Contractor shall submit the manufacturer
30	and model number of the test equipment along with certification that the
31	power meter has been calibrated within 12 months of the proposed test
32	dates.
33	
34	The following information shall be documented for each fiber test
35	measurement:
36	
37	1. Fiber/Strand #
38	2. Fiber type (Singlemode or Multimode)
39	3. Cable, tube, and fiber IDs
40	 Near end and far end test locations
41	 Use device names in Contract plans
42	End-to-end attenuation
43	 In each direction and the bidirectional average
44	Length of span being tested
45	Date, time, and operator
46	8. Wavelength
47	
48	Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR) Testing
49	An optical time domain reflectometer (OTDR) with recording capability
50	shall be utilized to test the end-to-end transmission quality of each optical
51	fiber. Quality tests shall consider attenuation, reflectance, and
52	discontinuities. The OTDR shall be equipped with 1310 nanometer and

1550 nanometer light sources for singlemode optical fibers. The OTDR shall be capable of providing electronic and hard copy records of each test measurement.

The Contractor shall utilize a dead-zone box (a.k.a. launch reel) containing 1 km of optical fiber, when performing OTDR tests. The dead-zone box shall be located between the OTDR and the fiber optic connector of each strand tested.

Each new fiber shall be tested in both directions at the 1310 and 1550 nanometer wavelengths. Existing fibers that are spliced to or re-spliced as part of this contract shall also be tested in both directions and at both wavelengths.

The following information shall be documented for each fiber test measurement:

- 1. Fiber/Strand #
- 2. Fiber type (Singlemode or Multimode)
- 3. Cable and fiber IDs
- 4. X-Y plot scaled for fiber length
 - The X-axis (Distance) shall be scaled such that the beginning of the trace starts with the OTDR/dead-zone interface. The end of the trace shall extend no more than 1 km beyond the end of the test span.
 - The Y-axis (dB) shall be set to maximize the trace. The bottom of the Y scale shall begin above the noise floor and the top of the scale shall be no more than 5 dB higher than the largest event. No events or reflections shall be cut off.
- 5. Near end and far end test locations
 - Use device names in Contract plans
- 6. Date, time, and operator
- 7. Wavelength
- 8. OTDR Settings
 - Index of Refraction
 - Averaging time (Minimum of 30 seconds)
 - Pulse Width (to provide a smooth trace, excluding events)
- 9. Table of Events that includes: Event ID, Type, Location, Loss, and Reflection.
 - Events are defined as:
 - Any reflectance event in excess of -60 dB
 - 2. Any loss occurrence in excess of 0.05 dB
 - 3. Any splice location regardless of loss
 - 4. Beginning and end of span
 - The beginning of the span shall be denoted by the "A-Marker". This marker shall be placed just to the left of the spike of the dead-zone box / fiber interface.
 - The end of the span shall be denoted by the "B-marker". This marker shall be placed just to the left of the end-of span reflection spike.

1	Fiber Optic Performance Requirements
2	1. Splice Loss:
3	Shall not exceed 0.20 dB in one direction
4	 Bidirectional Average shall not exceed 0.15 dB
5	2. Reflectance:
6	Shall not exceed -55 dB
7	Chair not oxogod to ab
8	Fiber Cable Testing Documentation
9	The Contractor shall submit one hard copy and one electronic copy of the fiber
10	test results to the Engineer for approval. Only one OTDR test result shall be on
11	each page. The Contractor shall take corrective actions on portions of the fiber
12	installation determined to be out of compliance with these specifications.
13	
14	Upon acceptance of the cable installation and test results, the Contractor shall
15	submit three hard copies and three electronic copies of the fiber test results to
16	the Engineer.
17	3 - 1
18	Hard copy submittals shall be bound in 3-ring binders. Each 3-ring binder shall
19	have the following information on the front and side:
20	•
21	The title "Fiber Optic Test Results"
22	2. The name of the roadway(s) where fiber was installed
23	3. Contract name and number
24	4. Date
25	
26	The front cover shall also include the following:
27	
28	1. The size of each cable installed and the beginning and ending
29	mileposts of each cable replaced.
30	2. The company name address and phone number that did the fiber
31	optic work
32	
33	Each 3-ring binder shall also include a table of contents and index dividers for
34	each cable segment and each direction tested. The electronic submittals shall
35	be on compact discs and include one licensed copy of the applicable OTDR
36	reader program.
37	
38	The following information shall be included in each test result submittal:
39	
40	Contract number, contract name, contractor name and address
41	2. Dates of cable manufacture, installation, and testing
1 2	3. Cable specifications
43	Manufacturer data sheet
14	Helix Factor
45	Date of manufacture
46	4. Fiber (Glass) specifications
47	Manufacturer and Part #
48	Index of Refraction
49	 Optical performance (loss/km)
50	 Mode Field Diameter
51	As-Built Records (In accordance with the Special Provisions)
52	OTDR test results – No more than one test per page

7. Power Meter test results

Within 30 days of submitting the test results, the Contractor, in the presence of the Engineer, shall re-test a minimum of 5% of the previously tested locations to validate the test results. A 5% sample will be selected randomly from the terminal device locations.

8-20.3.OPT13(K).ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS September 9, 2002)

Twisted-Pair (TWP) Copper Cable Testing

The Contractor shall perform a Field Acceptance Test on the installed cable. Each pair shall be tested for frequency attenuation between the communication hub and each ITS device. The State will provide a witness during the tests and the test results shall be documented as prescribed elsewhere in this specification.

Any pairs showing attenuation greater than 2 dB per mile at 1 kHz shall be cause for rejection of the cable. The Contractor shall replace any cable failing this test at no additional expense to the Contracting Agency. The Contractor shall provide all test equipment necessary to perform the tests.

All pairs of each underground cable shall be tested for continuity, polarity, shorts. grounds, longitudinal balance, and both resistive and impedance losses consistent with the manufacturer's specifications and standard telecommunication industry requirements

Each TWP copper cable intended primarily for data communication applications shall be tested end-to-end from the controlled environment vault cable termination point to the interface at the traffic control device. The transmission test procedure shall include the continuity testing of each pair within each TWP cable from the outlet in the termination panel in the vault to the termination outlet at each device location.

The Contractor shall ensure that all individual wires in all TWP cables have been terminated consistent with the wire insulation color to termination pin requirements set forth in this Special Provision.

The Contractor shall document the transmission quality test results for 50% of the pairs in each cable of the installed TWP cable and provide documentation for each cable that the cable meets or exceeds the manufacturer's published specifications and otherwise complies with the requirements set forth in this specification for characteristic impedance, longitudinal balance, resistive and impedance losses, and near-end crosstalk.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with the manufacturer and model number of the test equipment and the equipment calibration procedures to be used prior to conducting all tests.

47 48

The Contractor shall test each underground cable end-to-end from the controlledenvironment vault-termination block to the terminal block at each cable pedestal or other outside plant terminal equipment. The Contractor shall provide actual test readings for each of the following items to verify the required transmission criteria:

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DC Resistance - The resistance of any conductor in any cable shall not exceed 20 ohms per 1000 feet.

DC Resistance Unbalance - The resistance unbalance between the two conductors of any pair shall not exceed 5%.

Ambient Noise Measurements - The Contractor shall measure the ambient noise level in dBm0 to determine the level of noise on each cable being tested. The distant end of the pair being tested should be terminated with a 600-ohm resistor. At the near end, an HP-3551 or equivalent transmission measuring set should be configured for conducting a noise reading test. Cable pairs being sampled shall provide an ambient noise figure of 30 Dbm0 (-60 dBm) or better. The Contractor shall record all readings.

Shield Continuity -Test and measurements shall be made to assure that all underground cable shields are continuous from end-to-end. Each shield shall show a resistance of not more than .75 ohms per 1000 feet.

Within 30 days of submitting the test results, the Contractor, in the presence of the Engineer, shall re-test a minimum of 5% of the previously tested locations to validate the test results. A 5% sample will be selected randomly from the terminal device locations.

8-20.3.OPT24.ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS April 12, 2004)

Video, Voice, & Data Distribution And Transmission Systems

The Contractor shall provide and install the following:

*** \$\$1\$\$ ***

Documentation

Documentation for each system element shall consist of the manufacturer's name and model number, serial number when available, materials and operating specifications, wiring schematic and parts list, owners manuals, factory service manuals, and procedures for factory testing and system acceptance testing specified elsewhere herein. The Contractor shall submit three copies of the documentation specified above prior to the installation of the cable or components described in the submittal. In addition, the Contractor shall submit three copies of an overall system wiring schematic and termination chart for the installed TMS elements (operation and maintenance manuals). All documentation for each individual element shall be neatly bound in such a way that the information is secured together and is totally legible without removing the information from the binding. This documentation shall be in addition to any other data, shop drawings, etc. required to be submitted as specified in these Special Provisions.

8-20.3.OPT25.ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS February 23, 2009)

Communication Hub / Concrete Universal Enclosure (CUE)

The Contractor shall provide shop drawings of the CUE's electrical system, construction, and all component locations and connections. The Contractor shall also provide all cabling for interfacing the CUE alarm contacts with the SONET equipment.

Site Preparation

Care shall be exercised in site preparation, in positioning the enclosure on the selected site, and in finish grading to avoid the possibility of a flood condition that would submerge the entranceway. The enclosure shall be placed on a 6-inch sand drainage blanket. The structure excavation Class B, shoring or extra excavation, sand drainage blanket, backfill and compaction shall be in accordance with Section 2-09.

Installation

The CUE shall be shipped in one piece to the installation site and installed into the excavation without the need for personnel to be in the excavation. Multiple-piece enclosures requiring assembly will not be accepted. Additionally, the one-piece enclosure shall be structurally and physically suitable for the installation of the system equipment prior to final shipment to the job site.

A separate, internal ground point shall be provided for the enclosure electrical system and the Contracting Agency's system equipment and shall be labeled as "System Ground." Earth grounding for this point shall be accomplished with two external 5/8-inch by 8-foot copper ground rods and ground wires provided by the enclosure installer.

Enclosure Electrical System

The enclosure shall be equipped for 120/240 volt, single-phase, 60 Hz, 100 AMP underground utility service from a remote meter pedestal. All conduits shall enter the power transfer switch enclosure via 2.5-inch diameter NPT threaded couplings. A dielectric connection shall be provided at the vault to insure that no grounding is provided by the conduits. The electrical service conductors shall include ground conductor(s).

The distribution system shall be rated 100 AMP for both Utility and Auxiliary sources. The Utility Service shall connect to a 100 AMP Main Breaker which shall be an integral component of a Power Transfer Switch (PTS). In the NORMAL Position, the Power Transfer Switch (PTS) shall connect the Utility Service through to a 125 AMP Distribution Panel (DP) that contains all Branch Circuit (Breaker) Protection.

8-20.3(1).GR8

General

8-20.3(1).INST1.ITS.DT1

Section 8-20.3(1) is supplemented with the following:

8-20.3(1).OPT1.ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 10, 2005)

Existing System Disruption and Restoration

The Contractor shall use every precaution to ensure that no contract work causes disruptions to the existing systems, except those disruptions that are planned and approved in advance, as defined herein.

Existing systems include, but are not limited to, the following:

- A. All ITS field devices, such as ramp meter, data collection, and CCTV systems, within the project construction limits.
- B. Fiber optic and TWP data and video communication systems on *** \$\$1\$\$

Planned Disruptions

Contract work may require disruptions to existing systems, circuits, and equipment. The Contractor shall schedule the work and predetermine the affected system(s), extent, start time, and duration of planned disruptions. Planned disruptions shall be scheduled between the hours of 8 P.M. and 4 A.M. If traffic control is required for this work, the Contractor shall also adhere to the allowable closure hours listed in the Special Provisions. Failure of the Contractor to restore disrupted systems and equipment prior to 4 A.M will constitute an unplanned disruption, and the "Restoration Procedure" below will apply.

Requirements

Twenty-one calendar days prior to planned disruptions of any existing system, circuit, or equipment, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval a written Disruption Request. Each Disruption Request shall include the system(s) to be affected, the disruption start date and time, and the estimated duration required. The Contractor shall submit a separate, numbered Disruption Request for each planned disruption. Disruption Request approval or rejection will be returned to the Contractor in writing by the Engineer at least seven calendar days prior to the proposed start of the disruption. The Engineer may reject a requested time or duration and verbally recommend an alternate time or duration agreeable to both the Contractor and the Contracting Agency.

Restoration Procedure

Any unplanned disruptions determined by the Engineer to be caused by the actions of the Contractor or the Contractor's representative(s) shall be corrected by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Contracting Agency.

Upon the occurrence of an unplanned disruption and subsequent notification by the Engineer, the Contractor shall immediately stop all other ITS work in progress, in accordance with Section 1-08.6, and shall expend all efforts to restore the disrupted system(s) or correct the problem causing the disruption. The Contractor will not be granted an extension of time for delays caused by the repair of disrupted systems. Unplanned disruptions shall result in the assessment of liquidated damages in accordance with the subsection Liquidated Damages of the Special Provision PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS.

8-20.3(1).OPT2.ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 4, 2004) ITS System Order of Work

The Contractor shall submit for review and approval a proposal for accomplishing the ITS work to the Engineer along with a copy to:

Freeway Systems Engineer

1 2 3	15700 Dayton Avenue North P.O. Box 330310 MS-120 Seattle, WA 98133-9710
4	(206) 440-4462
5 6 7 8 9	The proposal shall be approved before any ITS fieldwork begins. The proposal shall include a critical path for ITS construction which shows dates of disconnection, reconnection, and installation of the following ITS components as applicable to this contract:
10 11 12 13 14 15	 Traffic Data Accumulation And Ramp Metering System Closed Circuit Television System Highway Advisory Radio System Communication Conduit System Communication Cable and Interfaces
16	6. Variable Message Sign
17	7. Video, Voice & Data Distribution and Transmission System
18	8. Environmental Sensor Station
19	Permanent Traffic Recorder Station
20	
21	The critical path shall also indicate all roadway lane shifts or closures that will be in
22	effect during ITS construction.
23	
24	8-20.3(1).OPT3.ITS.DT1
25	(NWR ITS February 23, 2009)
26	Removal and Delivery of Existing ITS Equipment
27	Where identified in the Plans, the Contractor shall remove and deliver the existing
28 29	devices to:
30	3700 9th Ave. S.
31	Seattle WA 98134
32	Attention: Secretary Supervisor
33	(206) 442-2110
34	FAX: (206) 442-2147
35	
36	Five days written advance notice shall be given to both the Engineer and the
37	electrical parts specialist at the address listed above. Delivery shall occur between
38	the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m. Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Material will
39	not be accepted without the required advance notice.
40	
41 42	Equipment damaged during removal or delivery shall be repaired or replaced to the Engineer's satisfaction at no cost to the Contracting Agency.
43	Engineer's satisfaction at no cost to the Contracting Agency.
44	8-20.3(5).GR8
45	Conduit
46	
47	8-20.3(5).INST1.ESP.DT1
48	Section 8-20.3(5) is supplemented with the following:
49	

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	8-20.3(5).OPT1.ESP.DT1 (NWR August 10, 2009) Conduit Seal, Detectable Tape and Location Wire Upon installation of wiring, all conduits entering pad mounted cabinets, all conduit entering ITS hubs, and all ITS conduit 2 inches in diameter or larger shall be sealed with an approved mechanical plug at both ends of the conduit run. Installation of mechanical plugs shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations. Upon installation of wiring at other locations, conduit shall be sealed with duct seal. Upon installation of the pull string, spare conduit shall be plugged.
11 12	A pull string rated for 200 lbs. or greater shall be installed in all spare conduits.
13 14	Detectable underground warning tape shall be placed 12-inches above all innerducinstalled in trenches.
15 16 17 18 19	Location 14 AWG stranded orange USE insulated wire shall be placed in conjunction with all innerduct installed in trenches. The location wire shall be placed directly above the conduit containing innerduct in single conduit installations or between the conduits containing innerduct in multiple conduit installations.
20 21 22 23 24	Location wire routed into pull boxes or cable vaults shall be attached to the "C' channel or the cover hinge bracket with stainless steel bolts and straps. A 1-fooloop of locate wire shall be provided above the channel as shown in the Plans.
25 26 27 28 29 30	8-20.3(5).OPT1.ITS.DT1 (NWR ITS September 26, 2005) Cabinet Conduit Sealing All conduits entering pad mounted cabinets and all conduits entering ITS hubs shal be sealed with an approved mechanical plug at both ends of the conduit run Conduit duct seal will not be accepted.
31 32 33 34	Pad mounted cabinets shall include, but not be limited to, service, signal controller data station, CCTV, ramp meter, environmental sensor station, gate controller cable terminal, and transformer cabinets.
35 36 37 38	8-20.3(6).GR8 Junction Boxes, Cable Vaults, and Pull boxes
39 40	8-20.3(6).INST1.ESP.DT1 Section 8-20.3(6) is supplemented with the following:
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	8-20.3(6).OPT1.ESP.docx (******) Unless otherwise noted in the Plans or approved by the Engineer, junction boxes cable vaults and pull boxes shall not be placed within the traveled way or paved shoulders. The lid of any cable vault or pull box connected directly to a cabinet foundation
49 50	shall be at a lower elevation than the cabinet foundation.

A screened, 2-inch drain pipe shall be provided between all cable vaults or pull boxes and any slope, drainage ditch, swale or pond within 100 feet.

All junction boxes, cable vaults, and pull boxes placed within the traveled way or paved shoulders shall be heavy-duty.

Wiring shall not be pulled into any conduit until all associated junction boxes have been adjusted to, or installed in, their final grade and location, unless installation is necessary to maintain system operation. If wire is installed for this reason, sufficient slack shall be left to allow for future adjustment.

When junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes are installed or adjusted prior to construction of finished grade, pre-molded joint filler for expansion joints may be placed around the junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes. The joint filler shall be removed prior to adjustment to finished grade.

Adjustments involving raising or lowering of new or existing junction boxes shall require conduit modification if the resultant clearance between top of conduit and the junction box lid becomes less than six inches or more than ten inches. Wiring shall be replaced if sufficient slack is not maintained.

The six-inch gravel pad required in Standard Plan J-40.10.01 and J-40.30.00 shall be maintained. When existing junction boxes do not have this gravel pad, it shall be installed as part of the adjustment to finished grade.

Where conduit and junction boxes are placed in barrier, the prime Contractor shall coordinate the work of the Contractor constructing the barrier and the electrical Contractor so that each junction box placed in the barrier is placed in correct alignment with respect to the barrier, with the face of the box flush. The junction box shall be parallel to the top of the barrier within a 1-degree tolerance. If any point on the face of a junction box placed in barrier is recessed more than 1/8 inch from the surface of the barrier, the Contractor shall install a box extension per the Engineer's approval and grout around the extension or remove and replace the entire section of barrier.

Heavy-duty Type 4, 5 and 6 junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes shall be installed in accordance with the following:

- Excavation and backfill shall be in accordance with Section 2-09. Excavation for junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes shall be sufficient to leave one foot in the clear between their outer surface and the earth bank.
- 2. Junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes shall be installed on a level 6-inch layer of crushed surfacing top course, in accordance with 9-03.9(3), placed on a compacted or undisturbed foundation. The crushed surfacing shall be compacted in accordance with Section 2-09.3(1)E.
- After installation, the lid/cover shall be kept bolted down during periods when work is not actively in progress at the junction box, cable vault or pull box.

1 2 3	4.	Before closing the lid/cover, the lid/cover and the frame/ring shall be thoroughly brushed and cleaned of all debris. There shall be absolutely no visible dirt, sand or other foreign matter between the bearing surfaces.
4 5 6 7	5.	When the lid/cover is closed for the final time, a liberal coating of anti- seize compound shall be applied to the bolts and nuts and the lid shall be securely tightened.
8 9 0 1	6.	Hinges on the Type 4, 5 and 6 junction boxes shall be located on the side of the box, which is nearest to adjacent shoulder. Hinges shall allow the lid to open 180 degrees.
2	0.00.0(0).000	
3	8-20.3(8).GR8	
4 5	Wiring	
6	8-20.3(8).INST1	LITS DT1
7	` ,	20.3(8) is supplemented with the following:
8	Occilon 6 2	.0.3(0) is supplemented with the following.
9	8-20.3(8).OPT1	ITS DT1
20		ITS February 23, 2009)
21		Data Accumulation And Ramp Metering System
		ng cabinets with new loops installed shall have all of the existing loop
22 23		
		plates removed from the display panel. The display panel shall be cleaned of
24		e and debris. New nameplates shall be installed according to the new loop
25		. The new nameplates shall be in accordance with the contract details and
26	specin	cations.
27	0 20 2(0) CD0	
28	8-20.3(9).GR8	Craundina
29	bonaing,	Grounding
30	0 00 0(0) INCT	A ITC DT1
31 32	8-20.3(9).INST1 Section 8-2	20.3(9) is supplemented with the following:
33	(a) a = - (
34	8-20.3(9).OPT1	
35		ITS February 23, 2009)
36		e existing ITS conduits are utilized, an equipment-grounding conductor shall
37	be inst	talled except for conduits with innerduct.
38		
39		lition to the conductors called for in the contract, all ITS conduits without
10		uct shall be installed with an equipment-grounding conductor and bonding
ŀ1		rs sized per NEC 250-122, with the exception that the minimum size shall be
12	8 AWG	ì
3 4 5		
14		w and existing junction boxes, cable vaults and pull boxes that an equipment-
	•	ding conductor is pulled to shall be bonded in accordance with Section 8-
16	20.3(9).
17		
18		on wires shall not be connected to the equipment-grounding system. See
19		ion Wire and Warning Tape" sections in subsection Communication
50	Condu	uit System for attachment of location wires.

Supplemental grounding shall be provided at signal standards for ramp meters and 1 2 steel sign posts for advance warning signs. Foundations for these standards shall 3 be installed with a bare 4 AWG copper wire, which is connected to the reinforcing 4 cage with an approved acorn clamp or exothermic weld and routed to connect to 5 the pole at the grounding lug. 6 7 8-20.3(14)C.GR8 8 **Induction Loop Vehicle Detectors** 9 8-20.3(14)C.INST1.ESP.DT1 10 11 Section 8-20.3(14)C is supplemented with the following: 12 8-20.3(14)C.OPT1.ESP.DT1 13 14 (NWR August 16, 2010) 15 Round Loops 16 Round loops shall be constructed in accordance with the following 17 requirements: 18 19 1. Loop conductor and lead in cable shall conform to these Special 20 Provisions. 21 22 Round sawcuts shall be six feet in diameter and shall be constructed 23 using equipment designed for cutting round loops. The equipment 24 shall use a concave, diamond-segmented blade. The sawcuts shall 25 be normal to the pavement surface and shall be a minimum of 0.25 26 inches wide. The sawcut depth shall be a minimum of 2 5/8 inches 27 and a maximum of three inches measured at any point along the 28 perimeter, except on bridge decks. Other methods of constructing the 29 round sawcut, such as anchoring a router or flat blade saw, will not be 30 allowed. 31 32 The bottom of the sawcut shall be smooth. No edges created by 33 differences in sawcut depths will be allowed. 34 35 All sawcut corners shall be rounded to a minimum 1.5 inch radius. 36

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- All sawcuts shall be cleaned with a 1000 psi high pressure washer as certified by the manufacturer's label on the machine or as measured by an in line pressure gauge. Wash water and slurry shall be vacuumed out and the sawcut shall be blown dry with compressed air. Disposal of the wash water and slurry shall comply with the requirements of Section 1-07.5(3) and the Special Provision LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES TO THE PUBLIC.
- 6. Loops shall be installed after paving the final lift of roadway surfacing material.
- 7. The conductor shall be installed one turn on top of the previous turn. All turns shall be installed in a clockwise direction. The conductors shall be secured to prevent floating with 2-inch lengths of high temperature foam backer rod sized for a snug fit. The backer rod shall

1 2		be spaced at 2-foot intervals around the perimeter of the sawcut and at corners.
3 4 5 6 7 8	8.	Installation of the sealant shall completely encapsulate the loop conductors. A minimum of one inch of sealant shall be provided between the top of the conductors and the top of the sawcut. The top of the sealant shall be flush to 1/8 inch below the top of the sawcut.
9	9.	Use of kerosene solvent is prohibited.
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Traffic I ITS Tra me: the reir	S.DT1 TS February 23, 2009) Data Accumulation And Ramp Metering System Traffic Data and Speed Induction Loop Detectors - Spacing ffic data and speed loops shall be installed 17 feet (± 1 inch) apart, asured from leading edge to leading edge in each lane, as detailed in ITS plans. Loop spacing not meeting this requirement shall be installed, by the Contractor, in accordance with these provisions at no litional charge to the Contracting Agency.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	enti plai with box	th the approval of the Engineer, the loop lead in junction box and the ire loop array (set) may be shifted up to 100 ft maximum, where the n loop locations call for the loops to be installed in existing pavement in joints or severe cracking. If required, additional conduit and junction ites necessary for loop shifting shall be addressed in accordance with option 1-04.4.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Existinç The Co minimur	SP.DT1 Dctober 5, 2009) g Traffic Loops ntractor shall notify the Area Traffic Engineer through the Engineer am of five working days in advance of pavement removal or grinding in ith existing loops.

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If the Engineer suspects that damage to any loop, not identified in the Plans as being replaced, may have resulted from Contractor's operations or is not operating adequately, the Engineer may order the Contractor to perform the field tests specified in Section 8 20.3(14)D. The test results shall be recorded and submitted to the Engineer. Loops that fail any of these tests shall be replaced.

Loops that fail the tests, as described above, and are replaced shall be installed in accordance with current WSDOT design standards and Standard Plans, as determined by the Engineer.

If traffic signal loops that fail the tests, as described above, are not replaced and operational within 48 hours, the Contractor shall install and maintain interim video detection until the replacement loops are operational. The type of interim video detection furnished shall be approved by the Engineer prior to installation.

1 2	8-20.3(14)C.OPT5.ESP.DT1 (NWR February 22, 2005)
3	Induction Loop Vehicle Detectors
4	In Section 8-20.3(14)C, Items 2 and 11 and the last two sentences of Item 4
5	are deleted.
6	
7	8-20.3(14)D.GR8
8	Test for Induction Loops and Lead-in Cable
10 11 12	8-20.3(14)D.INST1.ESP.DT1 Section 8-20.3(14)D is supplemented with the following:
13 14	8-20.3(14)D.OPT1.ESP.DT1 (NWR October 5, 2009)
15	Induction Loop Tests
16 17	Test A and Test D are revised as follows:
18	Test A - The DC resistance between the 2 lead-in cable wires, including
19	the loop, shall be measured by a volt ohmmeter. The resistance shall not
20	exceed 5-ohms or lower the Q of the circuit below 5 where Q is equal to
21	the "Inductive Impedance @ 50 kHz" divided by "Resistance".
22	
23	Test D - An inductance test shall be made to determine the inductance
24	level of each inductance loop. The Contractor shall record the inductance
25	level of each inductance loop installed on the project and shall furnish the
26	findings to the Engineer. An induction level, as measured from the
27	controller cabinet, below 50-microhenries is considered a failure.
28	0 00 0 CM1 ITC DT1
29 30	8-20.2.SA1.ITS.DT1 (NWR October 4, 2004)
31	Traffic Data Accumulation And Ramp Metering System
32	Permanent Traffic Recorder Station
33	Description
34	The work shall consist of installing a controller cabinet, induction loop detectors,
35	foundation, Contracting Agency supplied piezometer axle sensors for permanent traffic
36 37	recorder (PTR) station, and all associated equipment.
	Materials
38	
39 40	The cabinet shall be as shown in the Plans and as specified in the subsection Transformers and Cabinets of this specification.
41	Transformers and Cabinets of this specification.
42	Equipment inside the PTR cabinet will be provided and installed by others.
43	Equipment inside the 1-111 cabinet will be provided and installed by others.
44	Construction Requirements
45	The Contractor shall notify the Engineer two weeks prior to beginning work on or near a
46	permanent traffic recorder (PTR) station and installing piezometer axle sensor.
47	pozameter and contract (, status, and motaling prozameter and contract
48	PTR Contact:
48 49	PTR Contact:
49 50	Travel Data Supervisor
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1 Telephone: (360) 570-2373 2 3 The Contractor shall cut loops in accordance with ITS special provisions and details. 4 5 The Contractor shall install the piezometer in the final lift of asphalt. 6 7 The Contractor shall provide and install one covered terminal block and terminate the 8 power cable from transformer on this terminal block. 9 10 The Contractor shall coil six feet of each 2C(SH) loop wire in the PTR cabinet for future 11 termination. Each loop wire shall be labeled as shown on the Plans. 12 13 8-20.5.GR8 14 **Payment** 15 16 8-20.5.INST1.GR8 17

Section 8-20.5 is supplemented with the following:

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8-20.5.OPT1.ITS.DT1

(NWR ITS October 4, 2004)

- "Closed Circuit Television System", lump sum.
- "Communication Conduit System", lump sum.
- "Communication Cables and Interfaces", lump sum.
- "Video, Voice & Data Distribution & Transmission System", lump sum.
- "Highway Advisory Radio System", lump sum.
- "Variable Message Sign", lump sum.
- "Environmental Sensor Station", lump sum.
- "Permanent Traffic Recorder Station", lump sum.

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The lump sum contract price for "Closed Circuit Television System", "Communication Conduit System", "Communication Cables and Interfaces", "Video, Voice & Data Distribution & Transmission System", "Highway Advisory Radio System", "Variable Message Sign", "Environmental Sensor Station", and "Permanent Traffic Recorder Station", shall be full pay for the construction of the complete Intelligent Transportation System, modifying existing systems, or both, as shown in the Plans and herein specified including excavation, backfilling, concrete foundations, conduit, wiring, restoring facilities destroyed or damaged during construction, salvaging existing materials, and for making all required tests. All additional materials and labor, not shown in the Plans or called for herein and which are required to complete the Intelligent Transportation System, shall be included in the lump sum contract price.